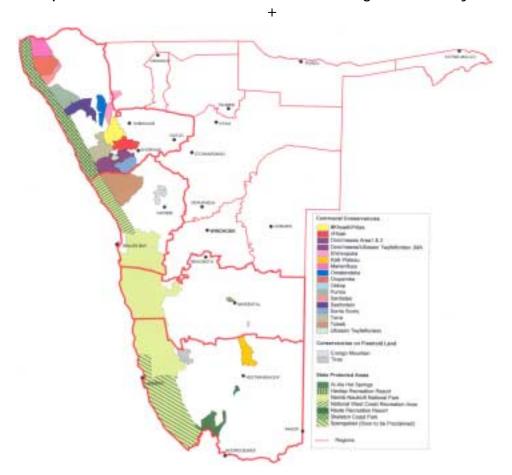


REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA

Ministry of Environment and Tourism

NATIONAL REPORT to the Conference of the Parties

on the Implementation of the Convention on Biological Diversity In Namibia*



Report presented to the Executive Secretary Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity – April 2002

Report Prepared by Joseph McGann with technical inputs from Dr. Phoebe Barnard and Sem Shikongo

* A second, interim report was tabled by Namibia at the Fifth Conference of the Parties

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REPORT ORIGIN

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Date of submission:	April 2002				

REPORT PREPARATION

The National Report for Namibia was prepared based on the work of the various working groups and committees of the Namibia National Biodiversity Program (NNBP). The thematic reports (benefit sharing, traditional knowledge, alien species and forest), included as annexes to this report, were prepared by private consultants.
The report was prepared by Joseph McGann under the technical supervision of the National Co-ordinator Dr. Phoebe Barnard. Mr. Sem Shikongo of the NNBP also provided technical inputs into the preparation of this report. The administrative and technical structures of the NNBP are presented in Annex 1. Membership of the various working groups and task forces is presented in Annex 2.

NAMIBIAN APPROACH TO REPORT

The Namibia National Biodiversity Program (NNBP), one of the core programs of the Directorate of Environmental Affairs (DEA), operates nationally to support and implement the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD). In implementing its programs and activities the NNBP ensures that issues of importance to the national development programs of Namibia are addressed and prioritised. This approach has also been utilised in the preparation of this report especially as it relates to the responses to the answers to the questions posed in the reporting guidelines.

The working groups (see Annex 2) of the NNBP are primarily responsible for the technical guidance and direction of the program. Membership is spread across a wide plethora of institutions: governmental, non-governmental, private sector, academic and research institutions. Grassroots and civil society participation is also facilitated.

The various documents prepared by the working groups and task forces, including policy papers and technical presentations, have been used to respond to the questions posed in the guidelines for preparation of the report. The report therefore is broad-based and reflects the direct or indirect inputs of the organisations and institutions involved in the National Biodiversity Program.

PRIORITY AFFORDED TO IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLES

Inland water ecosystems	
1. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work programmer?	camme in your
a) High	X
b) Medium	
c) Low	
d) Not relevant	
2. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the recommendations made?	e obligations and
a) Good	
b) Adequate	X
c) Limiting	
d) Severely limiting	
Marine and coastal biological diversity	
3. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work progr	ramme in vour

3. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work progression.	ramme in your
a) High	X
b) Medium	
c) Low	
d) Not relevant	
4. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the recommendations made?	e obligations and
a) Good	
b) Adequate	
c) Limiting	Х
d) Severely limiting	

Agricultural biological diversity

5. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work progresountry?	ramme in your
a) High	Х
b) Medium	
c) Low	
d) Not relevant	
6. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the recommendations made?	e obligations and
a) Good	
b) Adequate	
c) Limiting	
d) Severely limiting	X

Forest biological diversity

7. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work programmer?	ramme in your
a) High	Х
b) Medium	
c) Low	
d) Not relevant	
8. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the recommendations made?	e obligations and
a) Good	
b) Adequate	
c) Limiting	Х
d) Severely limiting	

Biological diversity of dry and sub-humid lands

9. What is the relative priority for implementation of this work programmer.	ramme in your
a) High	X
b) Medium	
c) Low	
d) Not relevant	
10. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the recommendations made?	e obligations and
a) Good	
b) Adequate	
c) Limiting	X
d) Severely limiting	

Further comments on work programmes and priorities

The work programs adopted within the framework of the NNBP are being developed and implemented as part of the national development process including the second national Development Plan (NDP2) and the Vision 20301. The NNBP as much as possible seeks to promote and be associated with permanent and effective mechanisms for inter-sectoral planning and policy formulation. The NNBP seeks to promote awareness among national planners that the conservation and prudent management of biological diversity is the foundation upon which national economic development is being built. To this end national policies and related legislation have been and are to be reviewed by 2005 and revised to ensure they conform to the requirements of the CBD.

All five of the work program groups have been accorded high priority rating for implementation by the NNBP. The financial, human and other resources available to implement the programs are however limited or very limited except for the biological diversity of inland water ecosystems work program, which is currently adequately funded.

 $[\]underline{1}$ NDP2 is the medium term (five year) economic and social development plan of Namibia while Vision 2030 reflects the long-term goals and aspirations of the country over a 30-year period. NDP2 includes a specific chapter on environment and sustainable development issues, including biodiversity.

X

X

ARTICLE 5 COOPERATION

11. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?									
a) High	Х	b) Medi	um			c)	Low		
12. To what ex recommendation	tent are the rens made?	sources a	vailak	ole adequat	e for	meet	ing the ol	bligations	and
a) Good	b) Adequat	.e	c)	Limiting	X	d)	Severely	limiting	
Further comme	nts on relative	priority	and o	n availabi	lity o	f re	sources		
Namibia affords the implementation of this article high priority. Resources however are limited and not sufficient to achieve full implementation. Several initiatives have been initiated in support of this article over the years. Although they originated within Namibia and the co-operating countries they nevertheless are mainly supported by donor supplied resources rather than national resources.									
13. Is your country actively cooperating with other Parties in respect of areas beyond national jurisdiction for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity?									

Decision IV/4. Status and trends of the biological diversity of inland water ecosystems and options for conservation and sustainable use

a) bilateral cooperation (please give details below)b) international programmes (please give details below)

c) international agreements (please give details below)

14. Has your country developed effective cooperation for the sustainable management of transboundary watersheds, catchments, river basins and migratory species through bilateral and multilateral agreements?		
a) no		
b) yes - limited extent (please give details below)	X	
c) yes - significant extent (please give details below)		
d) not applicable		

Decision IV/15. The relationship of the CBD with the CSD and biodiversity-related conventions, other international agreements, institutions and processes or relevance

15. Has your country developed management practices for transboundary protected areas?			
a) no			
b) yes - limited extent (please give details below)	Х		
c) yes - significant extent (please give details below)			
d) not relevant			

Decision V/21. Co-operation with other bodies

16. Has your country collaborated with the International Biodiversity Observation Year of DIVERSITAS, and ensured complementarity with the initiative foreseen to be undertaken by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity to increase scientific knowledge and public awareness of the crucial role of biodiversity for sustainable development?

a) no	
b) to a limited extent	X
c) to a significant extent	

Decision V/27. Contribution of the Convention on Biological Diversity to the ten-year review of progress achieved since the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development

17. Is your country planning to highlight and emphasize biological diversity considerations in its contribution to the ten-year review of progress since the Earth Summit?

a) no	
b) yes	X

Further comments on implementation of this Article

Bilateral co-operation agreements exist between Namibia and the Republic of South Africa and Angola for the management of and research in the Benguela Current Large Marine Ecosystem (BCLME) through the BCLME and BENEFIT Projects, financed by the UNDP under its GEF mandate and by bi-lateral sources respectively. Agreements also exist with Angola and Botswana for the shared use of the water resources of the Okavango river basin between the countries. There is a permanent commission (OKACOM), consisting of representatives from these countries, set up to oversee the implementation of this agreement.

International co-operation programmes include the Southern African Development Community (SADC) Shared Waters Protocol governing the use of shared waterways between member states of the SADC. Additionally there is the Southern African Biodiversity Support Program of the SADC which seeks to co-ordinate the work of the national biodiversity programs of SADC member states.

On the management of trans-boundary watersheds, catchments, riverbasins, etc., Namibia and the Republic of South Africa recently signed an agreement at the ministerial level to jointly manage the watershed area of the Orange River basin as part of a trans-frontier agreement covering wider biodiversity issues in the Richteisveld National Park of South Africa and the Ai-Ais/Huns Reserve of Namibia. The OKACOM agreement mentioned above also falls within the area of trans-boundary management of watersheds. Other management initiatives in this area include the Zambezi Basin Wetlands Conservation Resource Utilization Project with Zambia and Botswana as well as the Kunene Basin Joint Permanent Technical Commission with Angola for the management of the Kunene River Basin resources.

ARTICLE 6 GENERAL MEASURES FOR CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE

18. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High		X	b)	Mediu	ım			C)	Low		
19. To what exrecommendation			sourc	es av	ailab	ole adequat	e for	meet	ting the c	bligation	s and
a) Good		b) Adequate	e		c)	Limiting	Х	d)	Severely	limiting	
Further comme	nts c	on relative	prio	rity a	and o	n availabi	lity	of re	sources		
Namibia affords the implementation of this article very high priority. Resources however are limited and not sufficient to achieve full implementation. The National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) is in its final stages of preparation.											
								arces for d It is			

20. What is the status of your national biodiversity strategy (6a)?	
a) none	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	Х
d) completed2	
e) completed and adopted2	
f) reports on implementation available	
21. What is the status of your national biodiversity action plan (6a)?	
a) none	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	Х
d) completed2	
e) completed and adopted2	
f) reports on implementation available	
22. Do your national strategies and action plans cover all articles of (6a)?	the Convention
a) some articles only	
b) most articles	Х
c) all articles	

^{2/} Please provide information requested at the end of these guidelines.

23. Do your national strategies and action plans cover integration of cactivities (6b)?	other sectoral
a) no	
b) some sectors	
c) all major sectors	X
d) all sectors	

Decision II/7 and Decision III/9 Consideration of Articles 6 and 8

24. Is action being taken to exchange information and share experience on the action planning process with other Contracting Parties?				
a) little or no action				
b) sharing of strategies, plans and/or case-studies	Х			
c) regional meetings	Х			
25. Do all of your country's strategies and action plans include an int cooperation component?	ernational			
a) no	X			
b) yes				
26. Are your country's strategies and action plans coordinated with the neighbouring countries?	ose of			
a) no				
b) bilateral/multilateral discussions under way				
c) coordinated in some areas/themes	X			
d) fully coordinated				
e) not applicable				
27. Has your country set measurable targets within its strategies and a	ction plans?			
a) no				
b) early stages of development				
c) advanced stages of development	X			
d) programme in place				
e) reports on implementation available				
If a developing country Party or a Party with economy in transition -				
28. Has your country received support from the financial mechanism for of its national strategy and action plan?	the preparation			
a) no				
b) yes	X			
If yes, which was the Implementing Agency (UNDP/UNEP/World Bank)?	UNEP			

Decisions III/21. Relationship of the Convention with the CSD and biodiversity-related conventions

29. Are the national focal points for the CBD and the competent authorities of the	
Ramsar Convention, Bonn Convention and CITES cooperating in the implementation of	
these conventions to avoid duplication?	

a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	
c) yes - significant extent	Х

Further comments on implementation of this Article

The NBSAP will be completed by the end of June 2002. It will be sent to the Cabinet for approval and then to the national parliament for adoption as part of the national development strategy linked to NDP2. As a result of this process it is hoped that the political support will be added to the NBSAP to ensure that national budgetary commitments are made on an annual basis to support implementation. A series of inter-ministerial round-table meetings at permanent secretary level have been held to help build this political support.

Namibia has taken an integrated and co-operative approach towards implementation of the various conventions and treaties related to biological diversity. The implementation of programs and activities related to the CBD, CCD, UNFCCC and the Ramsar Convention is co-ordinated by the Ministry of Environment and Tourism. The Directorate of Environmental Affairs is directly responsible, as Focal Point, for the CBD, CCD and UNFCCC. The Division of Specialist Support Services is responsible for the implementation of the provisions of the Ramsar Convention.

The Wetlands Working Group of the National Biodiversity Program serves also as the Ramsar national committee. The steering committees and working groups of the national programs serving the CBD, UNFCCC, and CCD have extensive overlap of key specialists.

ARTICLE 7 IDENTIFICATION AND MONITORING

30. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High			b)	Mediu	m	Х		c)	Low		
31. To what expressions are commendation			sourc	es av	ailab	ole adequat	e for	mee	ting the ol	bligation	s and
a) Good		b) Adequate	e		c)	Limiting		d)	Severely	limiting	Х
Further comme	ents o	on relative	prio	rity a	and o	n availabi	lity	of r	esources		
Namibia affor capacity) how implementation term Ecologic chairmanship Botanical Respecies in Namistry of Atwelve months resource manain its initia	vever on. Cu cal Re of the search amibia Agricu s incl agemen	are severel urrent attem esearch (NaL ne Desert Ren Institute a. NBRI is alture. Pla Lude the GEF nt as well a	y lingts and the search of the	mited at ecc progr ch Fou I) is part monit ld Bar coast	and and acceptance of the coring and a coring a coring and a coring a coring and a coring and a coring	not suffice em monitor NaLTER is ion of Nam involved he NNBP who g due to conded active	ient ing i part ibia in on ile b ome of	to a nclude of (DRF) -goi: eing n-li: n con	chieve full de the Nami the NNBP, u N). The Nat ng inventor a departme ne within t mmunity-bas	bian Longunder the cional cy on plarent of the che next	g- nt e
The World Bar biodiversity Initial biodi conservancies pilot sites,	land iversi	use and lan Ity monitori Ned by the U	d te ng a SAID	nure v ctivit LIFE	which ties 1	will have have also	long been	-ter	m monitorin ucted in co	ng compone ommunal ar	cea

32. Does your country have an ongoing inventory programme at species level (7a)?							
a) minimal activity							
b) for key groups (such as threatened or endemic species) or indicators							
c) for a range of major groups	X						
d) for a comprehensive range of species							
33. Does your country have an ongoing inventory programme at ecosystem	level (7a)?						
a) minimal activity							
b) for ecosystems of particular interest only	Х						
c) for major ecosystems							
d) for a comprehensive range of ecosystems							
34. Does your country have an ongoing inventory programme at genetic le	evel (7a)?						
a) minimal activity							
b) minor programme in some sectors	Х						
c) major programme in some sectors							
d) major programme in all relevant sectors							
35. Does your country have ongoing monitoring programmes at species le	vel (7a)?						
a) minimal activity							
b) for key groups (such as threatened or endemic species) or indicators	Х						
c) for a range of major groups							

d) for a comprehensive range of species	
36. Does your country have ongoing monitoring programmes at ecosystem :	level (7b)?
a) minimal activity	
b) for ecosystems of particular interest only	х <u>з</u>
c) for major ecosystems	
d) for a comprehensive range of ecosystems	
37. Does your country have ongoing monitoring programmes at genetic lev	vel (7b)?
a) minimal activity	Х
b) minor programme in some sectors	
c) major programme in some sectors	
d) major programme in all relevant sectors	
38. Has your country identified activities with adverse affects on biod	diversity (7c)?
a) limited understanding	
b) threats well known in some areas, not in others	Х
c) most threats known, some gaps in knowledge	
d) comprehensive understanding	
e) reports available	Х
39. Is your country monitoring these activities and their effects (7c)	?
a) no	
b) early stages of programme development	Х
c) advanced stages of programme development	
d) programme in place	
e) reports on implementation available	
40. Does your country coordinate information collection and management level (7d)?	at the national
a) no	
b) early stages of programme development	
c) advanced stages of programme development	X
d) programme in place	
e) reports on implementation available	

<u>3</u> Via NaLTER

Decision III/10 Identification, monitoring and assessment

41. Has your country identified national indicators of biodiversity?	
a) no	
b) assessment of potential indicators underway	Х
c) indicators identified (if so, please describe below)	

Decision V/7. Identification, monitoring and assessment, and indicators

47. Is your country actively involved in co-operating with other countries in region in the field of indicators, monitoring and assessment?					
a) no					
b) limited co-operation	Х				
c) extensive co-operation on some issues					
d) extensive co-operation on a wide range of issues					
48. Has your country made available case studies concerning the develop implementation of assessment, monitoring and indicator programmes?	oment and				
a) no	X				
b) yes - sent to the Secretariat					
c) yes - through the national CHM					
d) yes - other means (please specify)					
49. Is your country assisting other Parties to increase their capacity indicator and monitoring programmes?	to develop				
a) no	Х				
b) providing training					
c) providing direct support					
d) sharing experience					
e) other (please describe)					

Further comments on implementation of this Article

NaLTER, NBRI and the National Museum of Namibia are involved in identification and development of inventories of species found within Namibia. All three institutions have made their collections and databases available to researchers within the country as well as internationally, the latter online. Through periodic publications additions to the inventories and databases are also published. Additionally, two agencies have websites on the worldwide web where the information and data they possess are made available for public use.

The website of NaLTER is: www.drfn.org.na/nalter

The website of the National Museum of Namibia is: www.natmus.cul.na/

Biodiversity identification work in Namibia is significantly constrained by limited financial and human capacities. Namibia is undertaking modest activities to alleviate these constraints through directed international collaboration via its Biosystematics Working Group, core program support to NaLTER, and the development of a regional M.Sc. level course in functional biodiversity. This however remains one of the major areas of constraints to building national biodiversity capacity.

DECISIONS ON TAXONOMY

Decision IV/1 Report and recommendations of the third meeting of SBSTTA

50. Has your country carried out a national taxonomic needs assessment, workshops to determine national taxonomic priorities?	, and/or held
a) no	
b) early stages of assessment	Х
c) advanced stages of assessment	
d) assessment completed	
51. Has your country developed a national taxonomic action plan?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	Х
c) advanced stages of development	
d) action plan in place	
e) reports on implementation available	
52. Is your country making available appropriate resources to enhance to f taxonomic information?	the availability
a) no	
b) yes, but this does not cover all known needs adequately	X
c) yes, covering all known needs	
53. Is your country encouraging bilateral and multilateral training and opportunities for taxonomists, particularly those dealing with poorly	
a) no	
b) some opportunities	Х
c) significant opportunities	
54. Is your country investing on a long-term basis in the development of infrastructure for your national taxonomic collections?	of appropriate
a) no	
b) some investment	x (highly inadequate)
c) significant investment	
55. Is your country encouraging partnerships between taxonomic institut developed and developing countries?	cions in
a) no	
b) yes - stated policy	Х
c) yes - systematic national programme	
56. Has your country adopted any international agreed levels of collect	ion housing?
a) no	
b) under review	
c) being implemented by some collections	
d) being implemented by all major collections	X

57. Has your country provided training programmes in taxonomy?	
a) no	
b) some	х <u>4</u>
c) many	
58. Has your country reported on measures adopted to strengthen national taxonomy, to designate national reference centres, and to make informa collections available to countries of origin?	
a) no	
b) yes - in the previous national report	
c) yes - via the clearing-house mechanism	х <u>5</u>
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	Х
59. Has your country taken steps to ensure that institutions responsible diversity inventories and taxonomic activities are financially and admistable?	
a) no	
b) under review	Х
c) yes for some institutions	Х
d) yes for all major institutions	
60. Has your country assisted taxonomic institutions to establish conscregional projects?	ortia to conduct
a) no	
b) under review	
c) yes - limited extent	Х
d) yes - significant extent	
61. Has your country given special attention to international funding of for specialist training abroad or for attracting international experts regional courses?	
a) no	
b) under review	
c) yes - limited extent	Х
c) yes - significant extent	
62. Has your country provided programmes for re-training of qualified proving into taxonomy-related fields?	professionals
a) no	Х
b) some	
c) many	

 $[\]underline{4}$ On the job M.Sc. course being developed.

 $[\]underline{\mathbf{5}}$ Via link to National Museum website and through text on Biosystematics Working Group.

Decision V/9. Global Taxonomy Initiative: Implementation and further advance of the Suggestions for Action

63. Has your country identified its information requirements in the are and assessed its national capacity to meet these requirements?	a of taxonomy,
a) no	
b) basic assessment	Х
c) thorough assessment	
64. Has your country established or consolidated taxonomic reference ce	ntres?
a) no	
b) yes	Х
65. Has your country worked to increase its capacity in the area of tax	onomic research?
a) no	
b) yes	Х
66. Has your country communicated information on programmes, projects a for consideration as pilot projects under the Global Taxonomy Initiative Executive Secretary?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х
67. Has your country designated a national Global Taxonomy Initiative f linked to other national focal points?	ocal point
a) no	
b) yes	Х
68. Has your country participated in the development of regional networ information-sharing for the Global Taxonomy Initiative?	ks to facilitate
a) no	
b) yes	Х
If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition -	
69. Has your country sought resources through the financial mechanism factions identified in the decision?	or the priority
a) no	
b) applied for unsuccessfully	
c) applied for successfully	X

Further comments on implementation of these decisions

Namibia has invested on a long-term basis in the development of appropriate infrastructure for national taxonomic collections through the NBRI and the National Museum. This investment is however not adequate to meet the assessed requirements for effective collections and housing. External donor support and strategic collaboration are required to help meet the deficit in investment. In-house training has been conducted on an ongoing basis to support the programs.

Information on measures adopted by Namibia to strengthen national capacity have been provided through the CHM and reports made to the GTZ on the NNBP. Regional co-operation in the area of taxonomy has been pursued through the Southern African Botanical Network (SABONET). Collections are shared with the Republic of South Africa and numerous other countries as a matter of routine practice.

Namibia has developed its capacity and ability to conduct taxonomic research over the years and this has increased significantly over the last ten years. To further strengthen that capacity it has identified a number of priorities and actions within the program and has applied to the financial mechanism for resources to support these priorities.

ARTICLE 8 IN SITU CONSERVATION [Excluding Articles 8h And 8j]

70. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High			b)	Mediu	Medium X		c)	Low			
71. To what ex recommendation			sourc	es av	ailab	le adequat	e for	mee	ting the c	bligation	s and
a) Good		b) Adequat	е		c)	Limiting	Х	d)	Severely	limiting	
Further comme	nts o	on relative	prio	rity	and o	n availabi	lity	of re	esources		

72. Has your country established a system of protected areas which aims biological diversity (8a)?	s to conserve
a) system under development	
b) national review of protected areas coverage available	Х
c) national protected area systems plan in place	
d) relatively complete system in place	х <u>б</u>
73. Are there nationally adopted guidelines for the selection, establismanagement of protected areas (8b)?	shment and
a) no	
b) no, under development	Х
c) yes	
d) yes, undergoing review and extension	
74. Does your country regulate or manage biological resources important conservation of biological diversity with a view to ensuring their consustainable use (8c)?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	
d) programme or policy in place	Х
e) reports on implementation available	
c) advanced stages of development d) programme or policy in place	Х

 $[\]underline{\mathbf{6}}$ The current protected areas system needs to be modified based on the review

75. Has your country undertaken measures that promote the protection of ecosystems, natural habitats and the maintenance of viable populations of species in natural surroundings (8d)?					
a) no measures					
b) some measures in place					
c) potential measures under review	Х				
d) reasonably comprehensive measures in place	Х				
76. Has your country undertaken measures that promote environmentally sustainable development in areas adjacent to protected areas (8e)?	ound and				
a) no measures					
b) some measures in place					
c) potential measures under review					
d) reasonably comprehensive measures in place	x <u>7</u>				
77. Has your country undertaken measures to rehabilitate and restore de ecosystems (8f)?	graded				
a) no measures					
b) some measures in place					
c) potential measures under review	X				
d) comprehensive measures in place					
78. Has your country undertaken measures to promote the recovery of threatened species (8f)?					
a) no measures					
b) some measures in place	Х				
c) potential measures under review					
d) comprehensive measures in place					
79. Has your country undertaken measures to regulate, manage or control associated with the use and release of living modified organisms resul biotechnology (8g)?					
a) no measures					
b) some measures in place	X				
c) potential measures under review	X				
d) comprehensive measures in place					
80. Has your country made attempts to provide the conditions needed for between present uses and the conservation of biological diversity and of its components (8i)?					
a) no					
b) early stages of development					
c) advanced stages of development	X				
d) programme or policy in place	X				
e) reports on implementation available	Х				

 $[\]underline{7}$ This includes a policy on environmental impact assessment.

n and/or other ulations (8k)?					
х <u>8</u>					
ctivities ological					
Х					
83. Does your country cooperate in providing financial and other support for $in-situ$ conservation particularly to developing countries (8m)?					
If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition -					
conservation					
X					

Decision II/7 Consideration of Articles 6 and 8 of the Convention

85. Is action being taken to share information and experience on implementation with other Contracting Parties?	mentation of this
a) little or no action	
b) sharing of written materials and/or case-studies	Х
c) regional meetings	Х

 $[\]underline{8}$ The existing measures are under review.

Further comments on implementation of this Article

Namibia has an informal system of protected areas which was developed in colonial times without due consideration for complete protection of ecosystems and species. Current action is being taken to rationalise and extend the national system to ensure adequate protection of all ecosystems and species. This is identified as a strategic aim within the NBSAP. New policies and legislation to give effect to the policies are in varying stages of development.

While policies and legislation are being revised/developed, interim measures are being put in place. Implementation of the measures is not as would be desired, due mainly to resource scarcity. An initiative that has popular support within the political directorate and the public is the conservancy mechanism for community-based natural resources management. The conservancy program gives some measure of control over wildlife and other resources to the people living on communal lands with the objective that they will protect these resources as a direct result of the benefits that they derive from the custody of the resources. Wildlife populations have increased significantly in a number of areas under the conservancy program. Measures are also under development and review aimed at restoring degraded ecosystems such as parts of the succulent karoo. The Cheetah Conservation Fund has also succeeded in restoring the threatened cheetah population.

Namibia has obtained financial support for in situ conservation under bilateral co-operation agreements such as the one with Germany for the National Program to Combat Desertification (NAPCOD) and the NNBP.

ARTICLE 8H ALIEN SPECIES

86. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High			b) Me		.m	Х		c)	Low		
87. To what exrecommendation			sourc	es av	ailab	le adequat	e for	mee	ting the c	bligation	s and
a) Good		b) Adequat	е		c)	Limiting	Х	d)	Severely	limiting	
Further comme	nts o	on relative	prio	rity a	and o	n availabi	lity	of re	esources		
Overall the p aquatic alien financial and	spec	cies the rat	ing	is cl	oser	to high pr	iorit	у. 1	Resources,	both	

88. Has your country identified alien species introduced?	
a) no	
b) only major species of concern	X
c) only new or recent introductions	
d) a comprehensive system tracks new introductions	
e) a comprehensive system tracks all known introductions	
89. Has your country assessed the risks posed to ecosystems, habitats of introduction of these alien species?	or species by the
a) no	
b) only some alien species of concern have been assessed	X
c) most alien species have been assessed	
90. Has your country undertaken measures to prevent the introduction of eradicate those alien species which threaten ecosystems, habitats or s	
a) no measures	
b) some measures in place	Х
c) potential measures under review	
d) comprehensive measures in place	

Decision IV/1 Report and recommendations of the third meeting of SBSTTA

91. Is your country collaborating in the development of projects at national, regional, sub-regional and international levels to address the issue of alien species?				
a) little or no action				
b) discussion on potential projects under way	Х			
c) active development of new projects				
92. Does your national strategy and action plan address the issue of alien species?				
a) no				
b) yes - limited extent				
c) yes - significant extent	Х			

Decision V/8. Alien species that threaten ecosystems, habitats or species

93. Is your country applying the interim guiding principles for prevent introduction and mitigation of impacts of alien species in the context aimed at implementing article 8(h) of the Convention, and in the vario	of activities
a) no	Х
b) under consideration	
c) limited implementation in some sectors	
d) extensive implementation in some sectors	
e) extensive implementation in most sectors	
94. Has your country submitted case-studies to the Executive Secretary thematic assessments?	focusing on
a) no	Х
b) in preparation	
c) yes	
95. Has your country submitted written comments on the interim guiding the Executive Secretary?	principles to
a) no	Х
b) yes	
96. Has your country given priority to the development and implementati invasive species strategies and action plans?	on of alien
a) no	
b) yes	Х
97. In dealing with the issue of invasive species, has your country devinvolved itself in mechanisms for international co-operation, includin of best practices?	-
a) no	
b) trans-boundary co-operation	X
c) regional co-operation	X
d) multilateral co-operation	

98. Is your country giving priority attention to geographically and evolutionarily isolated ecosystems in its work on alien invasive species?				
a) no	Х			
b) yes				
99. Is your country using the ecosystem approach and precautionary and approaches as appropriate in its work on alien invasive species?	bio-geographical			
a) no				
b) yes	X			
100. Has your country developed effective education, training and pure measures concerning the issue of alien species?	blic-awareness			
a) no	X			
b) some initiatives				
c) many initiatives				
101. Is your country making available the information which it holds species through the CHM?	on alien			
a) no				
b) some information	X			
c) all available information				
d) information available through other channels (please specify)				
102. Is your country providing support to enable the Global Invasive Programme to fulfil the tasks outlined in the decision and its annexes				
a) no	Х			
b) limited support				
c) substantial support				

Further comments on implementation of this Article

On the ecosystem level, alien introductions into freshwater ecosystems receive the most attention. Some success has been achieved in the biological control of Salvinia molesta but the spread of alien fish species, bilharzia parasites and other aquatic weeds remains a serious threat to Namibia's freshwater ecosystems. All other introductions are handled on an ad-hoc basis. This includes the attempts to mechanically eradicate invasive plant species (Lantana sp. and Prosopis sp.) in national parks and watercourses. Genetic pollution through hybridisation is a serious threat to populations of certain mammals e.g. black-faced impala and the African wild cat. New legislation is being drafted to control the importation alien species. Effective enforcement of legislation both current and proposed is and will be limited due to a shortage of trained and experienced personnel as well as equipment and infrastructure.

The NNBP includes a working group on invasive alien species and the NBSAP includes an action plan. The lack of research and information has however prevented an overall assessment and effective prioritisation. SADC also has a sub-committee dealing with aquatic weeds while the Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources in Namibia is developing policies and a research program with respect to alien species in freshwater ecosystems.

ARTICLE 8J TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE AND RELATED PROVISIONS

103. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and

the associated decisions by your country?									
a) High	X	b) M	ledium	c) Low		Low			
104. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?									
a) Good	b) Adequat	b) Adequate c) Limiting X d) Severel						limiting	
Further commen	nts on relative	priori	ity and o	n availabi	lity	of re	esources		
105. Has your country undertaken measures to ensure that the knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communities embodying traditional lifestyles relevant for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity are respected, preserved and maintained?									
a) no measures									
b) some measures in place									
c) potential measures under review							X		
d) comprehensive measures in place									
106. Is your country working to encourage the equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of such knowledge, innovations and practices?									
a) no									
b) early s	stages of develo	pment							
c) advanced stages of development X									
d) programme or policy in place									

Decision III/4 and Decision IV/9. Implementation of Article 8(j)

107. Has your country developed national legislation and corresponding strategies for the implementation of Article $8(j)$?				
a) no				
b) early stages of development				
c) advanced stages of development	X			
d) legislation or other measures in place				
108. Has your country supplied information on the implementation of a other Contracting Parties through media such as the national report?	Article 8(j) to			
a) no				
b) yes - previous national report	X			
c) yes - CHM				
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	Х			

National Report Namibian National Biodiversity Program	30				
109. Has your country submitted case-studies to the Executive Secretary on measures taken to develop and implement the Convention's provisions relating to indigenous and local communities?					
a) no					
b) yes	X				
110. Is your country participating in appropriate working groups an	d meetings?				
a) none					
b) some	Х				
c) all					
111. Is your country facilitating the active participation of repre indigenous and local communities in these working groups and meetings					
a) no					
b) yes	Х				
Decision v/10. Article o(j) and related provisions					
Decision V/16. Article 8(j) and related provisions 112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in t decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances?					
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in t decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to					
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in t decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances?					
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in t decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no	national				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in t decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review	national X				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in the decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programme of work specified in the decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances?	national X				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programacount the identified collaboration opportunities?	national X				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in the decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programacount the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no	national X				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programaccount the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no b) not appropriate to national circumstances	national X				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programaccount the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no b) not appropriate to national circumstances c) yes - to a limited extent	x mmes, taking into x uidelines, codes				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing progratacount the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no b) not appropriate to national circumstances c) yes - to a limited extent d) yes - to a significant extent 114. Is your country taking full account of existing instruments, g	x mmes, taking into x uidelines, codes				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing programacount the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no b) not appropriate to national circumstances c) yes - to a limited extent d) yes - to a significant extent 114. Is your country taking full account of existing instruments, g and other relevant activities in the implementation of the programme	x mmes, taking into x uidelines, codes				
112. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in to decision, and identified how to implement those tasks appropriate to circumstances? a) no b) under review c) yes (please provide details) 113. Is your country integrating such tasks into its ongoing progration account the identified collaboration opportunities? a) no b) not appropriate to national circumstances c) yes - to a limited extent d) yes - to a significant extent 114. Is your country taking full account of existing instruments, g and other relevant activities in the implementation of the programme a) no	x mmes, taking into x uidelines, codes				

c) yes - to a limited extent	X
d) yes - to a significant extent	
115. Has your country provided appropriate financial support for the of the programme of work?	implementation
a) no	
b) not appropriate to national circumstances	
c) yes - to a limited extent	X
d) yes - to a significant extent	
116. Has your country fully incorporated women and women's organizat activities undertaken to implement the programme of work contained in decision and other relevant activities under the Convention?	

a) no

b) yes	X
117. Has your country taken measures to facilitate the full and effect participation of indigenous and local communities in the implementation Convention?	
a) no	
b) not appropriate to national circumstances	
c) yes - to a limited extent	X
d) yes - to a significant extent	
118. Has your country provided case studies on methods and approaches preservation and sharing of traditional knowledge, and the control of by indigenous and local communities?	
a) no	
b) not relevant	
c) yes - sent to the Secretariat	Х
d) yes - through the national CHM	
e) yes - available through other means (please specify)	X
119. Does your country exchange information and share experiences reglegislation and other measures for the protection of the knowledge, in practices of indigenous and local communities?	
a) no	
b) not relevant	
c) yes - through the CHM	
d) yes - with specific countries	Х
e) yes - available through other means (please specify)	X
120. Has your country taken measures to promote the conservation and knowledge, innovations, and practices of indigenous and local communit	
a) no	
b) not relevant	
c) some measures	
d) extensive measures	X
121. Has your country supported the development of registers of trad- knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communiti- collaboration with these communities?	
a) no	
b) not relevant	
c) development in progress	X
d) register fully developed	
122. Have representatives of indigenous and local community organizations parafficial delegation to meetings held under the Convention on Biological Diversi	
a) not relevant	no
b) not appropriate	
c) yes	

123. Is your country assisting the Secretariat to fully utilize the clearing-house mechanism to co-operate closely with indigenous and local communities to explore ways that enable them to make informed decisions concerning release of their traditional knowledge?				
a) no				
b) awaiting information on how to proceed	Х			
c) yes				
124. Has your country identified resources for funding the activitie the decision?	s identified in			
a) no				
b) not relevant				
c) partly	Х			
d) fully				

Further comments on implementation of this Article

A number of reports and research papers have been prepared under the auspices of the NBSP by Sem Shikongo, the deputy program leader, and presented at various conferences and workshops within and outside Namibia. Abstracts and cover pages are included as Annex 3 to this report. A report and case study on benefit sharing has also been prepared and is attached as Annex 4. The information contained in these reports is shared as widely as possible and is to be published on the website of the Ministry of Environment and Tourism (http://www.dea.met.gov.na).

The national government continues to provide a limited level of support to the program but the bulk of the current support is received from the ${\tt GEF/UNEP}$.

Namibia supports the concept of a register of traditional knowledge in principle but with certain reservations. Based on consultation with the various stakeholders it has evolved that the register may not necessarily be the best medium through which traditional knowledge can be protected. Before fully endorsing the register concept a number of issues need to be clarified and questions answered. For example – Who will be responsible for recording of the information in the register? Who will have access to the information database? How will access be determined? How will the register be related to the regime on intellectual property rights? Will the traditional knowledge sources and data once documented become public domain information and how will the rights of the owners of this knowledge be protected? Namibia feels that these issues need to be addressed and resolved before registration of traditional knowledge can begin. It is our hope that during the implementation of the strategy for traditional knowledge that these issues will be addressed.

ARTICLE 9 EX SITU CONSERVATION

125. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?						
a) High b) Medium	X c) Low					
126. To what extent are the resources ava and recommendations made?	ilable adequate for meeting the obligations					
a) Good b) Adequate c)	Limiting X d) Severely limiting					
Further comments on relative priority and o	n availability of resources					
The NBRI and the National Museum of Namibia (NMN) are mainly responsible for ex-situ conservation in Namibia. While the NBRI seems to have adequate resources supplied from government and SABONET sources, the NMN requires a substantial input of resources to allow it to function effectively. The Cheetah Foundation, a NGO, with limited resource capabilities has also been doing invaluable work on the conservation and restoration of the Cheetah population in Namibia.						
127. Has your country adopted measures for biological diversity native to your country	r the <u>ex situ</u> conservation of components of (9a)?					
a) no measures						
b) some measures in place	X					
c) potential measures under review						
d) comprehensive measures in place						
128. Has your country adopted measures for biological diversity originating outside you	r the <u>ex situ</u> conservation of components of ur country (9a)?					
a) no measures	Х					
b) some measures in place						
c) potential measures under review						
d) comprehensive measures in place						
129. If the answer to the previous questicollaboration with organizations in the other.	on was yes, is this being done in active er countries (9a)?					
a) no						
b) yes						
130. Has your country established and maintained facilities for the <u>ex situ</u> conservation of and research on plants, animals and micro-organisms that represent genetic resources <i>native</i> to your country (9b)?						
a) no						
b) yes - limited extent	X					
c) yes - significant extent						
131. Has your country established and main conservation of and research on plants, and genetic resources <i>originating elsewhere</i> (9b)	mals and micro-organisms that represent					

a) no	X					
b) yes - limited extent						
c) yes - significant extent						
132. If the answer to the previous question was yes, is this being do collaboration with organizations in the other countries (9a)?	ne in active					
a) no						
b) yes						
133. Has your country adopted measures for the reintroduction of three into their natural habitats under appropriate conditions (9c)?	atened species					
a) no measures						
b) some measures in place	Х					
c) potential measures under review						
d) comprehensive measures in place						
134. Has your country taken measures to regulate and manage the collection of biological resources from natural habitats for <u>ex situ</u> conservation purposes so as not to threaten ecosystems and <u>in situ</u> populations of species (9d)?						
a) no measures						
b) some measures in place	X					
c) potential measures under review						
d) comprehensive measures in place						
If a developed country Party -						
135. Has your country cooperated in providing financial and other support for <u>ex</u> <u>situ</u> conservation and in the establishment and maintenance of <u>ex situ</u> conservation facilities in developing countries (9e)?						
If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition -						
136. Has your country received financial and other support for ex situ conservation and in the establishment and maintenance of ex situ conservation facilities (9e)?						
a) no						
b) yes	Х					

the associated decisions by your country? Х

a) High

c) Low

ARTICLE 10 SUSTAINABLE USE OF COMPONENTS OF BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

b) Medium

137. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and

138. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?								
a) Good		b) Adequate		c) Limiting	Х	d) Severely	y limiting	
Further con	ments	on relative prior	rity	and on availabi	lity	of resources		
		ountry integrated resources into					d sustainab	ole
a) no								
b) earl	y stag	es of development	:					
c) adva	nced s	tages of developm	nent				X	
d) prog	camme (or policy in plac	ce				X	
e) revi	ew of	implementation av	<i>r</i> ailak	ole				
		ountry adopted me imize adverse im					cal resourc	es
a) no m	easure	3						
b) some	measu	res in place					Х	
c) pote	ntial 1	measures under re	eview					
d) comp	rehens	ive measures in p	olace					
	al res	ountry put in pla ources that is c)?		_		_	_	use
a) no m	easure	S						
b) some	measu	res in place						
c) pote	ntial n	measures under re	eview				Х	
d) comp	rehens	ive measures in p	olace					

142. Has your country put in place measures that help local populating implement remedial action in degraded areas where biological diversit reduced (10d)?	-
a) no measures	
b) some measures in place	Х
c) potential measures under review	
d) comprehensive measures in place	
143. Does your country actively encourage cooperation between govern and the private sector in developing methods for sustainable use of b diversity (10e)?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	
d) programme or policy in place	Х
e) review of implementation available	

Decisions IV/15. Relationship of the Convention with the Commission on Sustainable Development and biodiversity-related conventions

144. Has your country submitted to the Secretariat information on tourism and its impacts on biological diversity, and efforts to effectively plan and manage tourism?	
a) no	
b) yes - previous national report	Х
c) yes - case-studies	
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	Х
145. Has your country submitted to the Secretariat information on biodiversity-related activities of the CSD (such as SIDS, oceans, seas and freshwater resources, consumption and production patterns)?	
a) no	Х
b) yes - previous national report	
c) yes - correspondence	
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	

Decision V/24. Sustainable use as a cross-cutting issue

146. Has your country identified indicators and incentive measures for sectors relevant to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity?		
a) no		
b) assessment of potential indicators underway	Х	
c) indicators identified (if so, please describe below)		

a) no b) yes

147. Has your country assisted other Parties to increase their capac sustainable-use practices, programmes and policies at regional, nation levels, especially in pursuit of poverty alleviation?	
a) no	X
b) not relevant	
c) to a limited extent	
d) to a significant extent (please provide details)	
148. Has your country developed mechanisms to involve the private se indigenous and local communities in initiatives on sustainable use, and to ensure that indigenous and local communities benefit from such sust	d in mechanisms
a) no	
b) mechanisms under development	
c) mechanisms in place (please describe)	Х
149. Has your country identified areas for conservation that would be the sustainable use of biological diversity and communicated this info Executive Secretary?	
a) no	X
b) yes	
Decision V/25. Biological diversity and tourism 150. Has your country based its policies, programmes and activities sustainable tourism on an assessment of the inter-linkages between tou	
biological diversity?	IIISIII AIIG
a) no	
b) to a limited extent	Х
c) to a significant extent	
151. Has your country submitted case-studies on tourism as an example sustainable use of biological diversity to the Executive Secretary?	e of the
a) no	Х
b) yes	
152. Has your country undertaken activities relevant to biodiversity support of the International Year of Ecotourism?	and tourism in
a) no	Х
b) yes	
153. Has your country undertaken activities relevant to biodiversity support of the International Year of Mountains?	and tourism in
a) no	Х
b) yes	
154. Has your country undertaken activities relevant to biodiversity	
support of the International Coral Reef Initiative?	and tourism in

155. Has your country established enabling policies and legal frameworks to complement voluntary efforts for the effective implementation of sustainable tourism?					
a) no					
b) to a limited extent	Х				
c) to a significant extent (please describe)					

Namibia has developed and is implementing a comprehensive environmental assessment policy which is guided by the need to protect and use biological diversity on a sustainable basis. Within the Directorate of Environment of the Ministry of Environment and Tourism there is an environmental assessment unit being developed. This unit will be headed by an Environmental Commissioner, an independent office, being proposed under the draft Environmental Management Act. Although this Act is not yet in place, the policy is being implemented and government agencies, developers and investors have been complying with the provisions on a voluntary basis. The mining industry, along with the Ministry of Mines and Energy, has been especially co-operative with the implementation of the policy.

Namibia, through the Ministry of Environment and Tourism has prepared a State of the Environment Report on Tourism, Parks and Biodiversity. That report is now being edited for preparation into popular publication, including the Internet, under the Information and Communication Project.

ARTICLE 11 INCENTIVE MEASURES

156. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High		X	b)	Mediu	.m			c)	Low		
157. To what and recommenda		ent are thens made?	reso	ources	avai	llable adec	quate	for	meeting th	e obligat	ions
a) Good		b) Adequat	е		c)	Limiting		d)	Severely 3	limiting	Х
Further commen	nts o	on relative	prio	rity a	and o	n availabi	lity	of r	esources		
158. Are pro	gram	mes in plac	e to	ident	ify a	and ensure	the a	adopt	cion of eco	nomically	and

socially sound measures that act as incentives for the conservation and sustainable use of components of biological diversity?					
a) no					
b) early stages of development	X				
c) advanced stages of development					
d) programmes in place	Х				
e) review of implementation available					
159. Do these incentives, and the programmes to identify them and en adoption, cover the full range of sectoral activities?	sure their				
a) no					
b) some sectors	X				
c) all major sectors					

Decision III/18. Incentive measures

d) all sectors

160. Has your country reviewed legislation and economic policies to identify and promote incentives for the conservation and sustainable use of components of biological diversity?						
a) no						
b) reviews in progress						
c) some reviews complete	Х					
d) as far as practically possible						

b) partially reviewed

c) thoroughly reviewed

d) measures designed based on the reviewse) review of implementation available

Х

161. Has your country ensured the development of mechanisms or approaches to ensure adequate incorporation of both market and non-market values of biological diversity into plans, policies and programmes and other relevant areas, <i>inter alia</i> , national accounting systems and investment strategies?					
a) no					
b) early stages of identifying mechanisms	Х				
c) advanced stages of identifying mechanisms					
d) mechanisms in place					
e) review of impact of mechanisms available					
162. Has your country developed training and capacity building progrimplement incentive measures and promote private-sector initiatives?	ammes to				
a) no					
b) planned	Х				
c) some					
d) many					
163. Has your country incorporated biological diversity consideration assessments as a step in the design and implementation of incentive me	_				
a) no					
b) yes	Х				
164. Has your country shared experience on incentive measures with o Parties, including making relevant case-studies available to the Secre	_				
a) no	Х				
b) yes - previous national report					
c) yes - case-studies					
d) yes - other means (please give details below)					
Decision IV/10. Measures for implementing the Convention []	part]				
165. Is your country actively designing and implementing incentive m	easures?				
a) no					
b) early stages of development	Х				
c) advanced stages of development					
d) measures in place					
e) review of implementation available					
166. Has your country identified threats to biological diversity and causes of biodiversity loss, including the relevant actors, as a stage incentive measures?					
a) no					

167. Do the existing incentive measures take account of economic, social, cultural and ethical valuation of biological diversity?							
a) no							
b) yes - limited extent	Х						
c) yes - significant extent							
168. Has your country developed legal and policy frameworks for the dimplementation of incentive measures?	design and						
a) no							
b) early stages of development	Х						
c) advanced stages of development							
d) frameworks in place							
e) review of implementation available							
169. Does your country carry out consultative processes to define cle oriented incentive measures to address the underlying causes of biodive							
a) no	Х						
b) processes being identified							
c) processes identified but not implemented							
d) processes in place							
170. Has your country identified and considered neutralizing perverse	e incentives?						
a) no							
b) identification programme under way	Х						
c) identified but not all neutralized	Х						
d) identified and neutralized							

Decision V/15. Incentive measures

171. Has your country reviewed the incentive measures promoted through the Kyoto Protocol to the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change?							
a) no	Х						
b) yes							
172. Has your country explored possible ways and means by which thes measures can support the objectives of the Convention on Biological Dicountry?							
a) no							
b) under consideration	Х						
c) early stages of development							
d) advanced stages of development							
e) further information available							

The Ministry of Environment and Tourism under its Conservancy program has been encouraging the participation of the indigenous and local communities and the private sector in the protection and sustainable use of biodiversity. This initiative is part of the national community-based natural resource management program. The conservancy program via the 1996 Amendment to the Nature Conservation Ordinance gave the rights to use and exploitation of wildlife to communal area residents who are members of the conservancy within their area. Further attempts are being made to delegate rights to the other resources to the conservancy in the future. The right to the wildlife on privately owned land is automatic with ownership of the land. Under the conservancy program joint venture co-operation with the private sector is also being encouraged in the development of economic venture that utilise the wildlife and other resources within the community.

ARTICLE 12 RESEARCH AND TRAINING

173. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?							
a) High X b) Medium	c) Low						
174. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?							
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting d) Severely limiting X							
Further comments on relative priority as	d on availability of resources						
Research and training has been assigned high priority under the national development programs of Namibia. Resources to implement the policies and programs to support this level of priority are severely limiting. In order to address this short-coming Namibia has sought and received support from a number of international research programs and donors through collaborative and other mechanisms.							
	rammes for scientific and technical education ication, conservation and sustainable use of (12a)?						
a) no							
b) early stages of development							
c) advanced stages of development X							
d) programmes in place							
	to other Parties for education and training ervation and sustainable use of biological						
a) no	х						
b) yes							
177. Does your country promote and end conservation and sustainable use of biod	ourage research which contributes to the ogical diversity (12b)?						
a) no							
b) yes - limited extent							
c) yes - significant extent							
178. Does your country promote and cooperate in the use of scientific advances in biological diversity research in developing methods for conservation and sustainable use of biological resources (12c)?							
a) no							
b) yes - limited extent	х						
c) yes - significant extent							

If a developed country Party -								
179. Does your country's implementation of the above activities take the special needs of developing countries?	into account							
a) no								
b) yes, where relevant								

Further	comments	on	implementa	ation of	this	Article	

ARTICLE 13 PUBLIC EDUCATION AND AWARENESS

180. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?						
a) High	b)	Medium	Х	c) Low		
	181. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?					
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting d) Severely				y limiting	Х	
Further commen	ts on relative prior	rity and	on availabi	lity of resources		
192 Poor vo			vo co un do cot	ronding of the imp	ontongo of	224
	ur country promote a equired for, the cor					and
a) no						
b) yes - limited extent				Х		
c) yes - significant extent						
183. Does your country promote and encourage understanding of the importance of, and the measures required for, the conservation of biodiversity (13a) through the inclusion of this topic in education programmes?						
a) no						
b) yes - 1:	imited extent				X	
c) yes - s:	ignificant extent					
184. Does your country cooperate with other States and international organizations in developing relevant educational and public awareness programmes (13b)?						
a) no						
b) yes - 1:	imited extent				Х	
c) yes - s:	ignificant extent					
Decision IV/10. Measures for implementing the Convention [part]						
185. Are publiaction plan?	lic education and aw	areness 1	needs covere	ed in the national	strategy a	ind
a) no						
b) yes - 1:	imited extent					
c) yes - s:	ignificant extent				Х	

186. Has your country allocated appropriate resources for the strategic use of education and communication instruments at each phase of policy formulation, implementation and evaluation?				
a) limited resources	X			
b) significant but not adequate resources				
c) adequate resources				
187. Does your country support initiatives by major groups that foste participation and that integrate biological diversity conservation matt practice and education programmes?				
a) no				
b) yes	Х			
188. Has your country integrated biodiversity concerns into education	strategies?			
a) no				
b) early stages of development				
c) advanced stages of development	Х			
d) yes	Х			
189. Has your country made available any case-studies on public education and awareness and public participation, or otherwise sought to share experiences?				
a) no	Х			
b) yes				
190. Has your country illustrated and translated the provisions of the Convention into any local languages to promote public education and awareness raising of relevant sectors?				
a) not relevant				
b) still to be done	Х			
c) under development				
d) yes				
191. Is your country supporting local, national, sub-regional and regional education and awareness programmes?				
a) no				
b) yes - limited extent	Х			
c) yes - significant extent				
If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition -				
192. When requesting assistance through the GEF, has your country proposed projects that promote measures for implementing Article 13 of the Convention?				
a) no				
b) yes	Х			
	·			

Decision V/17. Education and public awareness

193. Does your country support capacity-building for education and communication in biological diversity as part of the national biodiversity strategy and action plans?				
a) no				
b) limited support				
c) yes (please give details)	X			

ARTICLE 14 IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND MINIMIZING ADVERSE IMPACTS

194. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?					
a) High X b) Medium c) Low					
195. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?					
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting d) Severely	y limiting X				
Further comments on relative priority and on availability of resources					
The environmental assessment policy has been in place since 1995 but legislation to support the policy is still pending. A draft environmental management bill is being considered by the Cabinet before enactment into law by the national parliament.					
196. Is legislation in place requiring an environmental impact assess proposed projects likely to have adverse effects on biological diversit					
a) no					
b) early stages of development					
c) advanced stages of development	X				
d) legislation in place					
e) review of implementation available					
197. Do such environmental impact assessment procedures allow for public participation (14(1a))?					
a) no					
b) yes - limited extent					
c) yes - significant extent	X				
198. Does your country have mechanisms in place to ensure that the environmental consequences of national programmes and policies that are likely to have significant adverse impacts on biological diversity are duly taken into account (14(1b))?					
a) no					
b) early stages of development					
c) advanced stages of development	X				
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge					

199. Is your country involved in bilateral, regional and/or multilate on activities likely to significantly affect biological diversity outs country's jurisdiction (14(1c))?	
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	
c) yes - significant extent	Х
200. Is your country implementing bilateral, regional and/or multilat on activities likely to significantly affect biological diversity outs country's jurisdiction $(14(1c))$?	
a) no	
b) no, assessment of options in progress	
c) some completed, others in progress	Х
b) yes	
201. Has your country mechanisms in place to notify other States of comminent or grave danger or damage to biological diversity originating and potentially affecting those States (14(1d))?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	Х
d) mechanisms in place	Х
e) no need identified	
202. Has your country mechanisms in place to prevent or minimize dang originating in your State to biological diversity in other States or in the limits of national jurisdiction (14(1d))?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	X
,	X
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge	
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge	X x
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biological	X x
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biol (14(1e))?	X x
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biol (14(1e))? a) no	X x
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biological (14(1e))? a) no b) early stages of development	X x
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biol (14(1e))? a) no b) early stages of development c) advanced stages of development	x ponse to ogical diversity X ish joint
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biological (14(1e))? a) no b) early stages of development c) advanced stages of development d) mechanisms in place 204. Has your country encouraged international cooperation to establication contingency plans for emergency responses to activities or events which	x ponse to ogical diversity X ish joint
d) fully compliant with current scientific knowledge e) no need identified 203. Has your country national mechanisms in place for emergency respactivities or events which present a grave and imminent danger to biological diversity (14(1e))? a) no b) early stages of development c) advanced stages of development d) mechanisms in place 204. Has your country encouraged international cooperation to establication contingency plans for emergency responses to activities or events which grave and imminent danger to biological diversity (14(1e))?	x ponse to ogical diversity X ish joint

Decision IV/10. Measures for implementing the Convention [part]

205. Has your country exchanged with other Contracting Parties information and experience relating to environmental impact assessment and resulting mitigating measures and incentive schemes?				
a)	no			
b)	information provided to the Secretariat			
c)	information provided to other Parties	X		
d)	information provided on the national CHM	X		
206. Has your country exchanged with other Contracting Parties information on measures and agreements on liability and redress applicable to damage to biological diversity?				
a)	no	X		
b)	information provided to the Secretariat			
c)	information provided to other Parties			
d)	information provided on the national CHM			

Decision V/18. Impact assessment, liability and redress

207. Has your country integrated environmental impact assessment into thematic areas and on alien species and tourism?	programmes on		
a) no			
b) partly integrated	X		
c) fully integrated			
208. When carrying out environmental impact assessments does your couloss of biological diversity and the interrelated socio-economic, cultu health aspects relevant to biological diversity?	-		
a) no			
b) partly	X		
c) fully			
209. When developing new legislative and regulatory frameworks, does have in place mechanisms to ensure the consideration of biological dive from the early stages of the drafting process?	-		
a) no			
b) in some circumstances	X		
c) in all circumstances			
210. Does your country ensure the involvement of all interested and affected stakeholders in a participatory approach to all stages of the assessment process?			
a) no			
b) yes - in certain circumstances			

211. Has your country organised expert meetings, workshops and semina training, educational and public awareness programmes and exchange programmes to promote the development of local expertise in methodologies, technique procedures for impact assessment?	grammes in order		
a) no	Х		
b) some programmes in place			
c) many programmes in place			
d) integrated approach to building expertise			
212. Has your country carried out pilot environmental impact assessme order to promote the development of local expertise in methodologies, t procedures?			
a) no	X		
b) yes (please provide further details)			
213. Does your country use strategic environmental assessments to assess not only the impact of individual projects, but also their cumulative and global effects, are ensure the results are applied in the decision making and planning processes?			
a) no			
b) to a limited extent	X		
c) to a significant extent			
214. Does your country require the inclusion of development of alternatives, mitigation measures and consideration of the elaboration of compensation measures in environmental impact assessment?			
a) no			
b) to a limited extent	Х		
c) to a significant extent	Х		
215. Is national information available on the practices, systems, mechanisms and experiences in the area of strategic environmental assessment and impact assessment?			
a) no			
b) yes (please append or summarise)			

Namibia does not at this time possess a comprehensive set of measures to prevent or minimise damage to biological resources. There are however mechanisms in place to deal with algal blooms and oil spills and the threats these pose to our marine environment and those of neighbouring states. Information on such threats and the measures to deal with them are exchanged with other Parties and is also available on the website of the Directorate of Environmental Affairs at http://www.dea.met.gov.na.
With respect to the conduct of environmental impact assessments and liability and redress for environmental damage, the current policy requires the involvement of all interested parties in the processes. This requirement is however not legally binding as the law supporting the policy is not yet in place.

ARTICLE 15 ACCESS TO GENETIC RESOURCES

216. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?								
a) High	х	b) Medi	um			c) Low		
217. To what	extent are the ations made?	resource	s ava	ilable adec	quate	for meeting	the obligati	ons
a) Good	b) Adequat	е	c)	Limiting	Х	d) Severe	ly limiting	
Further commer	nts on relative	priority	and c	n availabi	lity o	of resources		
	r country endea cces for environ							2))?
a) no								
b) yes - 1	imited extent							
c) yes - s	ignificant exte	ent					Х	
	re any mutual un os and the State						different	
a) no								
b) yes - l	imited extent							
c) yes - s	ignificant exte	ent					X	
220. Has your country an open participation planning process, or any other process in place, to ensure that access to resources is subject to prior informed consent (15(5))?								
a) no								
b) early s	tages of develo	pment						
c) advance	d stages of dev	relopment					Х	
d) process	es in place							
genetic resour	r country taken rces provided by participation o	y other Co	ontrac	cting Parti	es is	developed a		
a) no meas	ures							
b) some me	asures in place	2						
c) potenti	al measures und	ler review					Х	
d) compreh	ensive measures	in place						
results of res	r country taken search and devel genetic resource	lopment ar	nd the	e benefits a	arisir	ng from the	commercial a	

a) no measures	
b) some measures in place	
c) potential measures under review	X
d) comprehensive measures in place	
If so, are these measures	
a) Legislation	X
b) Statutory policy or subsidiary legislation	X
c) Policy and administrative measures	X

Decision II/11 and Decision III/15. Access to genetic resources

Decision 11/11 and Decision 111/13. Access to genetic resou	ices				
223. Has your country provided the secretariat with information on relevant legislation, administrative and policy measures, participatory processes and research programmes?					
a) no					
b) yes, within the previous national report	X				
c) yes, through case-studies	Х				
d) yes, through other means (please give details below)	Х				
224. Has your country implemented capacity-building programmes to promote successful development and implementation of legislative, administrative and policy measures and guidelines on access, including scientific, technical, business, legal and management skills and capacities?					
a) no					
b) some programmes covering some needs	Х				
c) many programmes covering some needs					
d) programmes cover all perceived needs					
e) no perceived need					
225. Has your country analysed experiences of legislative, administra measures and guidelines on access, including regional efforts and initial in further development and implementation of measures and guidelines?					
a) no					
b) analysis in progress					
c) analysis completed	Х				
226. Is your country collaborating with all relevant stakeholders to develop and implement guidelines and practices that ensure mutual benef providers and users of access measures?					
a) no					
b) yes - limited extent	X				
c) yes - significant extent					

227. Has your country identified national authorities responsible for access to genetic resources?	granting
a) no	
b) yes	Х
228. Is your country taking an active role in negotiations associated adaptation of the International Undertaking on Plant Genetic Resources Agriculture?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х
Decision V/26. Access to genetic resources	
229. Has your country designated a national focal point and one or mo national authorities to be responsible for access and benefit-sharing a to provide information on such arrangements?	
a) no	
b) yes	X
c) yes, and Executive Secretary notified	
230. Do your country's national biodiversity strategy, and legislativ administrative or policy measures on access and benefit-sharing, contriconservation and sustainable use objectives?	
a) no	
b) to a limited extent	
c) to a significant extent	Х
Parties that are recipients of genetic resources	
231. Has your country adopted administrative or policy measures that of efforts made by provider countries to ensure that access to their gets is subject to Articles 15, 16 and 19 of the Convention?	
a) no	
b) other arrangements made	
c) yes	
232. Does your country co-operate with other Parties in order to find equitable solutions supportive of efforts made by provider countries to access to their genetic resources is subject to Articles 15, 16 and 19 Convention, recognizing the complexity of the issue, with particular countries to the multiplicity of prior informed consent considerations?	ensure that of the
a) no	
b) yes (please provide details)	

233. In developing its legislation on access, has your country taken into account and allowed for the development of a multilateral system to facilitate access and benefit-sharing in the context of the International Undertaking on Plant Genetic Resources?		
a) no		
b) legislation under development	Х	
c) yes		
234. Is your country co-ordinating its positions in both the Convention Biological Diversity and the International Undertaking on Plant Genetic		
a) no		
b) taking steps to do so		
c) yes	Х	
235. Has your country provided information to the Executive Secretary on user institutions, the market for genetic resources, non-monetary benefits, new and emerging mechanisms for benefit sharing, incentive measures, clarification of definitions, sui generis systems and "intermediaries"?		
a) no		
b) some information provided		
c) substantial information provided	X	
236. Has your country submitted information on specific issues related to the role of intellectual property rights in the implementation of access and benefit-sharing arrangements to the Executive Secretary?		
a) no		
b) yes	X	
237. Has your country provided capacity-building and technology development and transfer for the maintenance and utilization of ex situ collections?		
a) no		
b) yes to a limited extent	Х	
c) yes to a significant extent		

The national policy and legislation governing access to genetic resources are in an advanced stage of development. These documents are subject to extensive consultative reviews before being adopted by the legislative process for enactment into law. A number talks have been given, workshops held and popular publications produced to support the process. It is anticipated that these will be in place within the latter half of 2002.
Namibia has taken measures within country, although limited, to build up capacity and improve technology for the maintenance and use of ex-situ collection. Co-operation in this regard is also underway with the South African Plant Genetic Resource Centre.

ARTICLE 16 ACCESS TO AND TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY

238. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?			
a) High X b) Medium c) Low			
239. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting and recommendations made?	the obligations		
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting X d) Severely	limiting		
Further comments on relative priority and on availability of resources			
240. Has your country taken measures to provide or facilitate access transfer to other Contracting Parties of technologies that are relevant conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity or make use of resources and do not cause significant damage to the environment (16(1)	to the genetic		
a) no measures			
b) some measures in place	X		
c) potential measures under review			
d) comprehensive measures in place			
241. Is your country aware of any initiatives under which relevant technology is transferred to your country on concessional or preferential terms (16(2))?			
a) no	X		
b) yes (please give brief details below)			
242. Has your country taken measures so that Contracting Parties which genetic resources are provided access to and transfer of technology whi those resources, on mutually agreed terms (16(3))?	_		
a) not relevant			
b) relevant, but no measures			
c) some measures in place			
d) potential measures under review	X		
e) comprehensive measures in place			
If so, are these measures			
a) Legislation	X		
b) Statutory policy or subsidiary legislation	Х		
c) Policy and administrative arrangements	X		

_	243. Has your country taken measures so that the private sector facilitates access to joint development and transfer of relevant technology for the benefit of government institutions and the private sector of developing countries $(16(4))$?			
a)	no measures			
b)	some measures in place			
c)	potential measures under review	Х		
d)	comprehensive measures in place			
If	so, are these measures			
	a) Legislation?	Х		
	b) Statutory policy and subsidiary legislation?			
	c) Policy and administrative arrangements?	Х		
244. protec	Does your country have a national system for intellectual propertion (16(5))?	ty right		
a)	no			
b)	yes	Х		
245. way?	If yes, does it cover biological resources (for example, plant specified by the second	pecies) in any		
	a) no			
	Х			
	c) yes - significant extent			

${\tt Decision~III/17.~Intellectual~property~rights}$

246. Has your country conducted and provided to the secretariat case-studies of the impacts of intellectual property rights on the achievement of the Conventions objectives?		
a) no	X	
b) some		
c) many		

Namibia has in place legislation to protect intellectual property rights but
this needs to be improved. Steps are being taken at this time to amend the legislation to include the protection of biological resources.

ARTICLE 17 EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

247. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?										
a) High			b) Medium X c) Low							
	248. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting the obligations and recommendations made?			ions						
a) Good		b) Adequat	b) Adequate c) Limiting d) Severely limiting X			Х				
Further comm	ents o	on relative	prio	city a	and o	n availabil	lity (of resources		
249. Has yo publicly ava		_			to fa	acilitate t	he ex	kchange of in	formation f	rom
a) no mea	a) no measures									
b) restr	icted	by lack of	resou	irces					Х	
c) some 1	neasur	es in place								
d) poten	d) potential measures under review									
e) compr	e) comprehensive measures in place									
If a develop	ed cou	intry Party	-							
250. Do the (17(1))?	ese me	easures take	into	acco	ount	the special	. need	ds of develop	ing countri	es
a) no										
b) yes -	limit	ed extent								
c) yes -	signi	ficant exte	nt							
251. If so, do these measures include all the categories of information listed in Article 17(2), including technical, scientific and socio-economic research, training and surveying programmes, specialized knowledge, repatriation of information and so on?										
a) no										
b) yes - limited extent										
c) yes -	signi	ficant exte	nt							

ARTICLE 18 TECHNICAL AND SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION

252. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?			
a) High X b) Medium c) Low			
253. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting and recommendations made?	the obligations		
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting X d) Severely	limiting		
Further comments on relative priority and on availability of resources			
254. Has your country taken measures to promote international technical and scientific cooperation in the field of conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity (18(1))?			
a) no measures			
b) some measures in place			
c) potential measures under review			
d) comprehensive measures in place	Х		
255. Do the measures taken to promote cooperation with other Contracting Parties in the implementation of the Convention pay special attention to the development and strengthening of national capabilities by means of human resources development and institution building (18(2))?			
a) no			
b) yes - limited extent	Х		
c) yes - significant extent			
256. Has your country encouraged and developed methods of cooperation for the development and use of technologies, including indigenous and traditional technologies, in pursuance of the objectives of this Convention (18(4))?			
a) no			
b) early stages of development			
c) advanced stages of development	Х		
d) methods in place			

257. Does such cooperation include the training of personnel and exch $(18(4))$?	ange of experts
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	Х
c) yes - significant extent	
258. Has your country promoted the establishment of joint research pr joint ventures for the development of technologies relevant to the objection (18(5))?	_
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	Х
c) yes - significant extent	

Decision II/3, Decision III/4 and Decision IV/2. Clearing House Mechanism

259. Is your country cooperating in the development and operation of the Clearing House Mechanism?				
a) no				
b) yes	X			
260. Is your country helping to develop national capabilities through disseminating information on experiences and lessons learned in impleme Convention?				
a) no				
b) yes - limited extent	X			
c) yes - significant extent				
261. Has your country designated a national focal point for the Clear Mechanism?	ing-House			
a) no				
b) yes	X			
262. Is your country providing resources for the development and impl the Clearing-House Mechanism?	ementation of			
a) no				
b) yes, at the national level	X			
c) yes, at national and international levels				
263. Is your country facilitating and participating in workshops and meetings to further the development of the CHM at international levels?	-			
a) no	X			
b) participation only				
c) supporting some meetings and participating				

264.	1. Is your CHM operational		
a)	no		
b)	under development	Х	
c)	yes (please give details below)		
265.	Is your CHM linked to the Internet		
a)	no		
b)	yes	Х	
	266. Has your country established a multi-sectoral and multi-disciplinary CHM steering committee or working group at the national level?		
a)	no		
b)	yes	Х	

Decision V/14. Scientific and technical co-operation and the clearinghouse mechanisms (Article 18)

267. Has your country reviewed the priorities identified in Annex I t and sought to implement them?	o the decision,
a) not reviewed	X
b) reviewed but not implemented	
c) reviewed and implemented as appropriate	

ARTICLE 19 HANDLING OF BIOTECHNOLOGY AND DISTRIBUTION OF ITS BENEFITS

268. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?						
a) High X b) Medium c) Low						
269. To what extent are the resources available adequate for meeting and recommendations made?	the obligations					
a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting X d) Severely limiting						
Further comments on relative priority and on availability of resources						
270. Has your country taken measures to provide for the effective participation in biotechnological research activities by those Contracting Parties which provide the genetic resources for such research $(19(1))$?						
a) no measures						
b) some measures in place						
c) potential measures under review	X					
d) comprehensive measures in place	X					
If so, are these measures:						
a) Legislation						
b) Statutory policy and subsidiary legislation	Х					
c) Policy and administrative measures	Х					
271. Has your country taken all practicable measures to promote and advance priority access on a fair and equitable basis by Contracting Parties to the results and benefits arising from biotechnologies based upon genetic resources provided by those Contracting Parties (19(2))?						
a) no measures						
b) some measures in place						
c) potential measures under review	Х					
d) comprehensive measures in place						

Decision IV/3. Issues related to biosafety and Decision V/1. Work Plan of the Intergovernmental Committee for the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety

272.	Is your country a Contracting Party to the Cartagena Protocol on	Biosafety?
a)	not a signatory	
b)	signed, ratification in progress	Х
c)	instrument of ratification deposited	

ARTICLE 20 FINANCIAL RESOURCES

273. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?								
a) High	Х	b) Med	ium	ım c) Low				
274. To what and recommend		e resourc	urces available adequate for meeting		for meeting t	the obligat	ions	
a) Good	a) Good b) Adequate c) Limiting X d) Severely limiting							
Further comme	nts on relative	priority	and c	n availabi	lity	of resources		
	ur country provi vities which ar							
a) no								
b) yes - incentives only								
c) yes - :	c) yes - financial support only							
d) yes - financial support and incentives X								
If a developed country Party - 276. Has your country provided new and additional financial resources to enable developing country Parties to meet the agreed incremental costs to them of implementing measures which fulfil the obligations of the Convention, as agreed between you and the interim financial mechanism (20(2))?								
a) no								
b) yes								
If a developi	ng country Part	y or Part	y with	economy i	n tra	nsition -		
277. Has your country received new and additional financial resources to enable you to meet the agreed full incremental costs of implementing measures which fulfil the obligations of the Convention (20(2))?								
a) no							Х	
b) yes								

b) yes

Χ

If a developed country Party 278. Has your country provided financial resources related to implementation of the Convention through bilateral, regional and other multilateral channels (20(3))? If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition 279. Has your country used financial resources related to implementation of the Convention from bilateral, regional and other multilateral channels (20(3))? a) no

Decision III/6. Additional financial resources

280. Is your country working to ensure that all funding institutions (including bilateral assistance agencies) are striving to make their activities more supportive of the Convention?			
a) no			
b) yes - limited extent			
c) yes - significant extent	X		
281. Is your country cooperating in any efforts to develop standardiz on financial support for the objectives of the Convention?	ed information		
a) no			
b) yes (please attach information)	X		

Decision V/11. Additional financial resources

282. Has your country established a process to monitor financial support to biodiversity?					
a) no					
b) procedures being established	X				
c) yes (please provide details)					
283. Are details available of your country's financial support to nabiodiversity activities?	tional				
a) no					
b) not in a standardized format	Х				
c) yes (please provide details)					
284. Are details available of your country's financial support to bid activities in other countries?	odiversity				
a) not applicable	Х				
b) no					
c) not in a standardized format					
d) yes (please provide details)					

Developed country Parties -	
285. Does your country promote support for the implementation of the the Convention in the funding policy of its bilateral funding instituti of regional and multilateral funding institutions?	_
a) no	
b) yes	
Developing country Parties -	
286. Does your country discuss ways and means to support implementati objectives of the Convention in its dialogue with funding institutions?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х
287. Has your country compiled information on the additional financia provided by the private sector?	l support
a) no	Х
b) yes (please provide details)	
288. Has your country considered tax exemptions in national taxation biodiversity-related donations?	systems for
a) no	Х
b) not appropriate to national conditions	
c) exemptions under development	
d) exemptions in place	

Namibia has received new and additional resources under the Convention to support implementation but this is not considered adequate for full implementation	

ARTICLE 21 FINANCIAL MECHANISM

289. What is the relative priority afforded to implementation of this Article and the associated decisions by your country?											
a) High		X	b) Medium		edium c		c)	Low			
290. To what			resc	urces	avai	ilable adec	quate	for	meeting th	e obligatio	ns
a) Good		b) Adequat	е		c)	Limiting	Х	C	d) Severely	limiting	
Further co	mmen	ts on relat:	ive p	riori	ty an	d on avail	abili	ty ·	of resources	5	

291. Has your country worked to strengthen existing financial institu provide financial resources for the conservation and sustainable use of diversity?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х

Decision III/7. Guidelines for the review of the effectiveness of the financial mechanism

292. Has your country provided information on experiences gained throfunded by the financial mechanism?	ough activities
a) no activities	
b) no, although there are activities	Х
c) yes, within the previous national report	
d) yes, through case-studies	
e) yes, through other means (please give details below)	

The Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET) recognises that the contribution from the national budgetary process is inadequate to support the full protection of the biological diversity within the country. It has however been able to secure an annual increase in the budgetary allocations from the Ministry of Finance.

Recognising that international donors are responsible for a significant part of the investment in conservation, the MET has taken the bold and imaginative step to establish the Environmental Investment Fund (EIF) of Namibia. It is intended that the EIF will not only reduce the dependence on donor funding but also become the long-term mechanism for financing environmental and natural resource protection in Namibia. The EIF Bill has been passed into law by the Parliament of Namibia and it is now in the process of establishment. The law authorises the EIF to raise financial resources from levies imposed on users of natural resources as well as foreign tourists and other sources within Namibia. Funds will also be raised from foreign sources. Endowments will be established and the proceeds from these investments used to finance the conservation of biological diversity among other things.

Within the non-governmental sector, organisations such as the Namibia Nature Foundation have been accessing resources from within and outside of Namibia and distribute these resources through small grants to organisations involved in the conservation of biological diversity.

ARTICLE 23 CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES

293. How many people from your country participated in each of the meetings of the Conference of the Parties?		
a) COP 1 (Nassau)	1	
b) COP 2 (Jakarta)	0	
c) COP 3 (Buenos Aires)	0	
d) COP 4 (Bratislava)	3	
e) COP 5 (Nairobi)	5	

Decision I/6, Decision II/10, Decision III/24 and Decision IV/17. Finance and budget

294.	Has your country paid all of its contributions to the Trust Fund	?
a)	no	X
b)	yes	

Decision IV/16 (part) Preparation for meetings of the Conference of the Parties

295. Has your country participated in regional meetings focused on discussing implementation of the Convention before any meetings of the Conference of the Parties?		
a) no		
b) yes (please specify which)	Х	
If a developed country Party -		
296. Has your country funded regional and sub-regional meetings to prepare for the COP, and facilitated the participation of developing countries in such meetings?		
a) no		
b) yes (please provide details below)		

Decision V/22. Budget for the programme of work for the biennium 2001- 2002

297. Did your country pay its contribution to the core budget (BY Tr 2001 by $1^{\rm st}$ January 2001?	ust Fund) for
a) yes in advance	
b) yes on time	
c) no but subsequently paid	
d) not yet paid	Х

298. Has your country made additional voluntary contributions to the the Convention?	trust funds of
a) yes in the 1999-2000 biennium	
b) yes for the 2001-2002 biennium	
c) expect to do so for the 2001-2002 biennium	
d) no	Х

Further comments on implementation of this Article

Namibia pa	articipated	in regi	onal pr	reparatory	meetings	of th	e Parties	prior	to
COP 4 AND	σ.								

ARTICLE 24 SECRETARIAT

299. Has your country provided direct support to the Secretariat in t seconded staff, financial contribution for Secretariat activities, etc?	
a) no	X
b) yes	

Fur	rther comme	nts on implem	mentation of t	this Article	

ARTICLE 25 SUBSIDIARY BODY ON SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL ADVICE

300. How many people from your country participated in each of the meetings of SBSTTA?		
a) SBSTTA I (Paris)	0	
b) SBSTTA II (Montreal)	0	
c) SBSTTA III (Montreal)	0	
d) SBSTTA IV (Montreal)	2	
e) SBSTTA V (Montreal)	2	

Further comments on implementation of this Article

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ARTICLE 26 REPORTS

301. What is the status of your first national report?	
a) Not submitted	
b) Summary report submitted	
c) Interim/draft report submitted	
d) Final report submitted	Х
If b), c) or d), was your report submitted:	
by the original deadline of 1.1.98 (Decision III/9)?	
by the extended deadline of 31.12.98 (Decision IV/14)?	X (5/1998)
Later (please specify date)	

Decision IV/14 National reports

302. Did all relevant stakeholders participate in the preparation of report, or in the compilation of information used in the report?	this national
a) no	Х
b) yes	
303. Has your country taken steps to ensure that its first and/or second report(s) is/are available for use by relevant stakeholders?	ond national
a) no	
b) yes	Х
If yes, was this by:	
a) informal distribution?	Х
b) publishing the report?	
c) making the report available on request?	Х
d) posting the report on the Internet?	Х

Decision V/19. National reporting

304. Has your country prepared voluntary detailed thematic reports on the items for in-depth consideration at an ordinary meeting of the part the guidelines provided?	
a) no	
b) yes - forest ecosystems	Х
c) yes - alien species	Х
d) yes - benefit sharing	Х

DECISION V/6. ECOSYSTEM APPROACH

305. Is your country applying the ecosystem approach, taking into acc principles and guidance contained in the annex to decision V/6?	ount the
a) no	
b) under consideration	
c) some aspects are being applied	Х
d) substantially implemented	
306. Is your country developing practical expressions of the ecosyste national policies and legislation and for implementation activities, wi to local, national, and regional conditions, in particular in the conteactivities developed within the thematic areas of the Convention?	th adaptation
a) no	
b) under consideration	
c) some aspects are being applied	Х
d) substantially implemented	
307. Is your country identifying case studies and implementing pilot demonstrate the ecosystem approach, and using workshops and other mechaenhance awareness and share experience?	= -
a) no	Х
b) case-studies identified	
c) pilot projects underway	
d) workshops planned/held	
e) information available through CHM	
308. Is your country strengthening capacities for implementation of t approach, and providing technical and financial support for capacity-bu implement the ecosystem approach?	-
a) no	
b) yes within the country	X
c) yes including support to other Parties	
309. Has your country promoted regional co-operation in applying the approach across national borders?	ecosystem
a) no	
b) informal co-operation	Х
c) formal co-operation (please give details)	

INLAND WATER ECOSYSTEMS

Decision IV/4. Status and trends of the biological diversity of inland water ecosystems and options for conservation and sustainable use

310. Has your country included information on biological diversity in providing information and reports to the CSD, and considered including biological diversity issues at meetings to further the recommendations	inland water			
a) no				
b) yes	X			
311. Has your country included inland water biological diversity cons its work with organizations, institutions and conventions affecting or inland water?				
a) no				
b) yes	X			
If a developing country Party or Party with economy in transition -				
312. When requesting support for projects relating to inland water ec the GEF, has your country given priority to identifying important areas conservation, preparing and implementing integrated watershed, catchment basin management plans, and investigating processes contributing to bid	for t and river			
a) no				
b) yes	X			
313. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in annex 1 to the decision, and identified priorities for national action in implementing the programme?				
a) no				
b) under review	X			
c) yes				

Decision V/2. Progress report on the implementation of the programme of work on the biological diversity of inland water ecosystems (implementation of decision IV/4)

314. Is your country supporting and/or participating in the River	Basin Initiative?
a) no	X
b) yes	
315. Is your country gathering information on the status of inlan diversity?	d water biological
a) no	
b) assessments ongoing	X
c) assessments completed	
316. Is this information available to other Parties?	
a) no	
b) yes - national report	
c) yes - through the CHM	
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	X
317. Has your country developed national and/or sectoral plans fo	r the conservation

and sustainable use of inland water ecosystems?	
a) no	
b) yes - national plans only	X
c) yes - national plans and major sectors	X
d) yes - national plans and all sectors	
318. Has your country implemented capacity-building measures for developing and implementing these plans?	
a) no	
b) yes	X

Decision III/21. Relationship of the Convention with the CSD and biodiversity-related conventions

319. Is the conservation and sustainable use of wetlands, and of migratory species and their habitats, fully incorporated into your national strategies, plans and programmes for conserving biological diversity?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х

Further comments on implementation of these decisions and the associated programme of work

With respect to Decision v/6, Namibia has taken steps to strengthen its capacity for eco-system management. This is detailed in the draft NBSAP and is currently being implemented on an informal basis. For example the Directorate of Water Affairs of the Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Rural Development has been implementing "catchment management" of watersheds within Namibia taking into consideration the scarcity of water in Namibia and the protection of all the species dependent on its use.

Namibia has developed and is implementing a policy on sustainable use of inland water ecosystems. Draft legislation is now being prepared to regulate the use of these systems. The second National Development Plan now being finalised has a complete chapter dedicated to sustainable use of the environment and natural resources, including inland water ecosystems.

MARINE AND COASTAL BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

Decision II/10 and Decision IV/5. Conservation and sustainable use of marine and coastal biological diversity

320. Does your national strategy and action plan promote the conservation and sustainable use of marine and coastal biological diversity?	
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	
c) yes - significant extent	X
321. Has your country established and/or strengthened institutional, and legislative arrangements for the development of integrated managem and coastal ecosystems?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	
c) advanced stages of development	X
d) arrangements in place	
322. Has your country provided the Executive Secretary with advice as on future options concerning the conservation and sustainable use of m coastal biological diversity?	
a) no	X
b) yes	
323. Has your country undertaken and/or exchanged information on demo projects as practical examples of integrated marine and coastal area m	
a) no	
b) yes - previous national report	
c) yes - case-studies	
d) yes - other means (please give details below)	Х
324. Has your country programmes in place to enhance and improve knowledge on the genetic structure of local populations of marine species subjected to stock enhancement and/or sea-ranching activities?	
a) no	X
b) programmes are being developed	
c) programmes are being implemented for some species	
d) programmes are being implemented for many species	
e) not a perceived problem	
325. Has your country reviewed the programme of work specified in an annex to the decision, and identified priorities for national action in implementing the programme?	
a) no	
b) under review	
c) yes	Х

Decision V/3. Progress report on the implementation of the programme of work on marine and coastal biological diversity (implementation of decision IV/5)

326. Is your country contributing to the implementation of the work plan on coral bleaching?		
a)	no	
b)	yes	
c)	not relevant	X
327.	Is your country implementing other measures in response to cora	l bleaching?
a)	no	
b)	yes (please provide details below)	
c)	not relevant	X
328. Has your country submitted case-studies on the coral bleaching phenomenon to the Executive Secretary?		
a)	no	
b)	yes	
c)	not relevant	Х

Further comments on implementation of these decisions and the associated programme of work

Namibia together with Angola and the Republic of South Africa are implementing the Benguela Current Large Marine Eco-system (BCLME) Project funded by the GEF/UNDP. Under This project integrated approaches to coastal marine eco-system management will be developed, tested and implemented. Information on these developments will be provided by and exchanged between the Parties concerned. Similarly, a national project to manage coastal biodiversity within Namibia is now being developed with assistance from GEF/WB and it is anticipated that information and data generated by this project will be made available to the Parties.

The Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources and other responsible agencies has recognised that there is need to put in place mechanisms to enhance and improve knowledge of the genetic structure of local marine populations. There is however no such mechanism in place at this time.

AGRICULTURAL BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

Decision III/11 and Decision IV/6. Conservation and sustainable use of agricultural biological diversity

existing instruments at the national level?	ties and	
a) no		
b) early stages of review and assessment		
c) advanced stages of review and assessment	Х	
d) assessment completed		
330. Has your country identified issues and priorities that need to b the national level?	e addressed at	
a) no		
b) in progress		
c) yes	X	
331. Is your country using any methods and indicators to monitor the impacts of agricultural development projects, including the intensification and extensification of production systems, on biological diversity?		
a) no		
b) early stages of development		
c) advanced stages of development		
d) mechanisms in place	Х	
332. Is your country taking steps to share experiences addressing the and sustainable use of agricultural biological diversity?	conservation	
a) no	Х	
b) yes - case-studies		
c) yes - other mechanisms (please specify)		
333. Has your country conducted case-studies on the issues identified by SBSTTA: i) pollinators, ii) soil biota, and iii) integrated landscape management and farming systems?		
a) no		
b) yes - pollinators		
c) yes - soil biota	X	
d) yes - integrated landscape management and farming systems	X	
334. Is your country establishing or enhancing mechanisms for increasing public awareness and understanding of the importance of the sustainable use of agrobiodiversity components?		
a) no		
b) early stages of development	X	
c) advanced stages of development		
d) mechanisms in place		

335. Does your country have national strategies, programmes and plans which ensure the development and successful implementation of policies and actions that lead to sustainable use of agrobiodiversity components?	
a) no	
b) early stages of development	Х
c) advanced stages of development	
d) mechanisms in place	
336. Is your country promoting the transformation of unsustainable ag practices into sustainable production practices adapted to local biotic conditions?	
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	Х
c) yes - significant extent	
337. Is your country promoting the use of farming practices that not productivity, but also arrest degradation as well as reclaim, rehabilit and enhance biological diversity?	
a) no	
b) yes - limited extent	х
	Х
b) yes - limited extent	r the
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the	r the
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity?	r the
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no	r the
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent	r the ne conservation
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 339. Is your country helping to implement the Global Plan of Action for the summary of the s	r the ne conservation
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities for development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 339. Is your country helping to implement the Global Plan of Action for Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Plant Genetic Resources?	r the ne conservation
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities fo development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 339. Is your country helping to implement the Global Plan of Action f Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Plant Genetic Resources? a) no	r the ne conservation X or the X identify and
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities for development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 339. Is your country helping to implement the Global Plan of Action of Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Plant Genetic Resources? a) no b) yes 340. Is your country collaborating with other Contracting Parties to	r the ne conservation X or the X identify and
b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 338. Is your country promoting mobilization of farming communities for development, maintenance and use of their knowledge and practices in the and sustainable use of biological diversity? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 339. Is your country helping to implement the Global Plan of Action of Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Plant Genetic Resources? a) no b) yes 340. Is your country collaborating with other Contracting Parties to promote sustainable agricultural practices and integrated landscape man	r the ne conservation X or the X identify and

Decision V/5. Agricultural biological diversity: review of phase I of the programme of work and adoption of a multi-year work programme

341. Has your country reviewed the programme of work annexed to the decision and identified how you can collaborate in its implementation?		
a) no	Х	
b) yes		
342. Is your country promoting regional and thematic co-operation with framework of the programme of work on agricultural biological diversity		
a) no		
b) some co-operation	X	
c) widespread co-operation		
d) full co-operation in all areas		
343. Has your country provided financial support for implementation of work on agricultural biological diversity?	f the programme	
a) no		
b) limited additional funds	X	
c) significant additional funds		
If a developed country Party -		
344. Has your country provided financial support for implementation of work on agricultural biological diversity, in particular for capacit case-studies, in developing countries and countries with economies in t	y building and	
a) no		
b) yes within existing cooperation programme(s)		
b) yes, including limited additional funds		
c) yes, with significant additional funds		
345. Has your country supported actions to raise public awareness in support of sustainable farming and food production systems that maintain agricultural biological diversity?		
a) no		
b) yes, to a limited extent	Х	
c) yes, to a significant extent		
346. Is your country co-ordinating its position in both the Convention on Biological Diversity and the International Undertaking on Plant Genetic Resources?		
a) no		
b) taking steps to do so		
c) yes	Х	
347. Is your country a Contracting Party to the Rotterdam Convention Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticid International Trade?		
a) not a signatory		
b) signed - ratification in process		
c) instrument of ratification deposited		

348. Is your country supporting the application of the Executive Secretary for observer status in the Committee on Agriculture of the World Trade Organisation?	
a) no	
b) yes	Х
349. Is your country collaborating with other Parties on the conserva sustainable use of pollinators?	tion and
a) no	
b) yes	X
350. Is your country compiling case-studies and implementing pilot pr to the conservation and sustainable use of pollinators?	ojects relevant
a) no	X
b) yes (please provide details)	
351. Has information on scientific assessments relevant to genetic us technologies been supplied to other Contracting Parties through media s Clearing-House Mechanism?	
a) not applicable	X
b) no	
c) yes - national report	
d) yes - through the CHM	
e) yes - other means (please give details below)	
352. Has your country considered how to address generic concerns regarding such technologies as genetic use restriction technologies under international and national approaches to the safe and sustainable use of germplasm?	
a) no	
b) yes - under consideration	
c) yes - measures under development	Х
353. Has your country carried out scientific assessments on <u>inter ali</u> social and economic effects of genetic use restriction technologies?	<u>a</u> ecological,
a) no	X
b) some assessments	
c) major programme of assessments	
354. Has your country disseminated the results of scientific assessme alia ecological, social and economic effects of genetic use restriction	
a) no	Х
b) yes - through the CHM	
c) yes - other means (please give details below)	
355. Has your country identified the ways and means to address the potential impacts of genetic use restriction technologies on the $\underline{\text{in situ}}$ and $\underline{\text{ex situ}}$ conservation and sustainable use, including food security, of agricultural biological diversity?	
a) no	
b) some measures identified	Х
c) potential measures under review	

d) comprehensive review completed	
356. Has your country assessed whether there is a need for effective regulations at the national level with respect to genetic use restriction technologies to ensure the safety of human health, the environment, food security and the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity?	
a) no	
b) yes - regulation needed	X
c) yes - regulation not needed (please give more details)	
357. Has your country developed and applied such regulations taking into account, inter alia , the specific nature of variety-specific and trait-specific genetic use restriction technologies?	
a) no	
b) yes - developed but not yet applied	X
c) yes - developed and applied	
358. Has information about these regulations been made available to other Contracting Parties?	
a) no	
b) yes - through the CHM	X
c) yes - other means (please give details below)	

Further comments on implementation of these decisions and the associated programme of work

An assessment of the effects of current land use and degradation on biodiversity is underway and is expected to be completed in the first half of 2002. Under the sustainable agriculture program and the national program to combat desertification, farmers and farming communities are being made aware of the need to conserve biological resources and the effects of their practices on these resources.

Regulations are being developed with respect to genetic use restriction technology and its effect on human health, the environment, food security and the conservation of biological diversity. These regulations should be completed and be in place by the end of 2001. The policy document and other information on genetic restriction use technology has been circulated widely among interested parties in Namibia.

FOREST BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

Decision II/9 and Decision IV/7. Forest biological diversity

Decision 11/9 and Decision 10//. Forest Diological diversi	. C.J	
359. Has your country included expertise on forest biodiversity in its delegations to the Intergovernmental Panel on Forests?		
a) no		
b) yes	Х	
c) not relevant		
360. Has your country reviewed the programme of work annexed to the didentified how you can collaborate in its implementation?	ecision and	
a) no		
b) under review		
c) yes	Х	
361. Has your country integrated forest biological diversity considerations in its participation and collaboration with organizations, institutions and conventions affecting or working with forest biological diversity?		
a) no		
b) yes - limited extent		
c) yes - significant extent	Х	
362. Does your country give high priority to allocation of resources to activities that advance the objectives of the Convention in respect of forest biological diversity?		
a) no		
b) yes	Х	
For developing country Parties and Parties with economies in transition	ı -	
363. When requesting assistance through the GEF, Is your country proposing projects which promote the implementation of the programme of work?		
a) no		
b) yes	Х	
Decision V/4. Progress report on the implementation of the programme of work for forest biological diversity		

364. Do the actions that your country is taking to address the conservation and sustainable use of forest biological diversity conform with the ecosystem approach?	
a) no	
b) yes	X
365. Do the actions that your country is taking to address the conservation and sustainable use of forest biological diversity take into consideration the outcome of the fourth session of the Intergovernmental Forum on Forests?	
a) no	Х
b) yes	

a) no b) yes	366. Will your country contribute to the future work of the UN Forum	on Forests?	
367. Has your country provided relevant information on the implementation of this work programme? a) no b) yes - submission of case-studies c) yes - thematic national report submitted d) yes - other means (please give details below) 368. Has your country integrated national forest programmes into its national biodiversity strategies and action plans applying the ecosystem approach and sustainable forest management? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent X 369. Has your country undertaken measures to ensure participation by the forest sector, private sector, indigenous and local communities and non-governmental organisations in the implementation of the programme of work? a) no b) yes - some stakeholders c) yes - all stakeholders x 370. Has your country taken measures to strengthen national capacities including local capacities, to enhance the effectiveness and functions of forest protected area networks, as well as national and local capacities for implementation of sustainable forest management, including restoration? a) no b) some programmes covering some needs c) many programmes covering some needs c) many programmes covering some needs e) no perceived need 371. Has your country taken measures to implement the proposals for action of the Intergovernmental Forum on Forests and the Intergovernmental Panel on Forests on valuation of forest goods and services? a) no b) under consideration x	a) no		
a) no b) yes - submission of case-studies c) yes - thematic national report submitted d) yes - other means (please give details below) 368. Has your country integrated national forest programmes into its national biodiversity strategies and action plans applying the ecosystem approach and sustainable forest management? a) no b) yes - limited extent c) yes - significant extent 369. Has your country undertaken measures to ensure participation by the forest sector, private sector, indigenous and local communities and non-governmental organisations in the implementation of the programme of work? a) no b) yes - some stakeholders c) yes - all stakeholders x 370. Has your country taken measures to strengthen national capacities including local capacities, to enhance the effectiveness and functions of forest protected area networks, as well as national and local capacities for implementation of sustainable forest management, including restoration? a) no b) some programmes covering some needs c) many programmes covering some needs c) many programmes covering some needs e) no perceived need 371. Has your country taken measures to implement the proposals for action of the Intergovernmental Forum on Forests and the Intergovernmental Panel on Forests on valuation of forest goods and services? a) no b) under consideration	b) yes	X	
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	a) no		
c) measures taken	b) under consideration	Х	
	c) measures taken		

BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY OF DRY AND SUB-HUMID LANDS

Decision V/23. Consideration of options for conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity in dryland, Mediterranean, arid, semi-arid, grassland and savannah ecosystems

372. Has your country reviewed the programme of work annexed to the decision and identified how you will implement it?			
a) no			
b) under review	Х		
c) yes			
373. Is your country supporting scientifically, technically and financially, at the national and regional levels, the activities identified in the programme of work?			
a) no			
b) to a limited extent			
c) to a significant extent	Х		
374. Is your country fostering cooperation for the regional or subregional implementation of the programme among countries sharing similar biomes?			
a) no			
b) to a limited extent			
c) to a significant extent	Х		

Further comments on implementation of these Decisions and the associated programme of work

The identification and assessment of strategic forests is in process at the Directorate of Forestry of the MET. The definition of national criteria and indicators for sustainable forest management has been completed. Activities identified within the NBSAP are designed to supplement the identification of forest conservation areas and indicators of forest biodiversity.

Environmental forestry is a component of the national forestry program and this focuses on the maintenance of forest ecosystems for sustainable use. On the strategic level, forest biodiversity has been recognised as a priority area although knowledge of the forest ecosystems is severely limited and restricted mainly to woody resources. Not much information is available on fauna and non-woody species. Methodologies to enable a holistic approach to forest biodiversity management need to be adopted and resources applied to improving the forest ecosystem knowledge base.

The development of forest management criteria is based on traditional forest management practices. Community forest management is practised and guidelines for these areas are developed on a consultative and participatory basis with emphasis on local level leadership. This provides an excellent opportunity for information exchange and awareness as well as a forum for reviewing and improving forest management practices.

There is a limitation on availability of financial and human resources to carry out technical work including development of case studies.

DECISION V/20. OPERATIONS OF THE CONVENTION

375. Does your country take into consideration gender balance, involvement of indigenous people and members of local communities, and the range of relevant disciplines and expertise, when nominating experts for inclusion in the roster?			
a) no			
b) yes	Х		
376. Has you country actively participated in subregional and regional activities in order to prepare for Convention meetings and enhance implementation of the Convention?			
a) no			
b) to a limited extent			
c) to a significant extent	Х		
377. Has your country undertaken a review of national programmes and needs related to the implementation of the Convention and, if appropriate, informed the Executive Secretary?			
a) no			
b) under way			
c) yes	Х		

Please use this box to identify what specific activities your country has carried out as a DIRECT RESULT of becoming a Contracting Party to
the Convention, referring back to previous questions as appropriate:
Please use this box to identify joint initiatives with other Parties,
Please use this box to identify joint initiatives with other Parties, referring back to previous questions as appropriate:

Please	use	this box to provide any further comments on matters related to national implementation of the Convention:			
The wording of these questions is based on the Articles of the Convention and the decisions of the Conference of the Parties. Please provide information on any difficulties that you have encountered in interpreting the wording of these questions					
Conver	ntion	and the decisions of the Conference of the Parties. Please			
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If your country has completed its national biodiversity strategy and action plan (NBSAP), please give the following information:

Date of completion:	Projected date of completion: 06/2002				
If the NBSAP has been adopted by the	If the NBSAP has been adopted by the Government				
By which authority?	The Cabinet is expected to adopt and endorse the completed strategy and action plan as part of the national development planning process.				
On what date?					
If the NBSAP has been published plea	If the NBSAP has been published please give				
Title:					
Name and address of publisher:					
ISBN:					
Price (if applicable):					
Other information on ordering:					
If the NBSAP has not been published					
Please give full details of how copies can be obtained:					
If the NBSAP has been posted on a national website					
Please give full URL:	The NBSAP will be published in abbreviated format on the DEA/MET website: www.dea.met.gov.na				
If the NBSAP has been lodged with an Implementing Agency of the GEF					
Please indicate which agency:	When completed the NBSAP will be lodged with UNEP				
Has a copy of the NBSAP been lodged with the Convention Secretariat?					
Yes	No				

Please provide similar details if you have completed a Biodiversity Country Study or another report or action plan relevant to the objectives of this Convention

THE NATIONAL COUNTRY STUDY OF NAMIBIA HAS BEEN COMPLETED.					
DATE OF COMPLETION: 1998					
ADOPTED BY: Cabinet of Namibia and Ministry of Environment and Tourism					
DATE OF ADOPTION:					
TITLE: Biological Diversity in Namibia - a country study					
NAME OF PUBLISHER Namibian National Biodiversity Task Force					
ADDRESS OF PUBLISHER: Directorate of Environmental Affairs, Windhoek, Namibia					
ISBN: 0-86976-436-5					
ORDER INFORMATION: Dr. Phoebe Barnard					
Namibian National Biodiversity Task Force					
Directorate of Environmental Affairs					
Ministry of Environment and Tourism					
Private Bag 13306 Windhoek, Namibia					
WEBSITE: http://www.dea.met.gov.na					
LODGED WITH: United Nations Environment Program and CBD Secretariat					

Please provide details of any national body (e.g. national audit office) that has or will review the implementation of the Convention in your country