





NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT SERVICE

TU'ANGA TAPOROPORO COOK ISLANDS

Regional Workshop for the Pacific on Updating National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans – Incorporating work on Valuation and Incentive Measures

Cook Islands NBSAP Presentation

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What are the major elements of your previous NBSAP?

Cook Islands NBSAP 2002

Themes	Endangered species management	Invasive species management	Ecosystem management	Equitable sharing of benefits & access to biodiversity	Managemen t of knowledge related to biodiversity	Biodiversity awareness & education	Mainstreami ng of biodiversity	Financial resources & mechanisms for biodiversity
Strategic Goals	Conserve native & important naturalised plants & animals, and provide for their sustainable use. Conserve important agricultural & non-naturalised species & provide for their sustainable use (agrobiodiversity)	Reduce adverse impact of invasive species on indigenous species & ecosystems, & prevent new invasions Reduce adverse impacts of invasive species on agricultural species & ecosystems, & prevent new invasions	Conserve important ecosystems through system of protected areas with regulated & monitored activities	Ensure uses of biodiversity, including genetic resources, bring equitable benefits to stakeholders	Record & maintain records of scientific and traditional knowledge related to biodiversity, with consideration of Intellectual Property Rights	Make biodiversity information more readily available to all stakeholders and interested people	Integrate biodiversity into national & sectoral legislation, policies, plans & programmes	Secure long- term financial sustainability for all biodiversity related activities & programmes
Actions	7 actions	4 actions	3 actions.	1 action	2 actions	2 actions	1 action	1 action



2.2 – Quelle est la méthodologie utilisée pour la mise en œuvre de votre précédent SPANB?

What is the methodology used for implementing your previous NBSAP?

- Pilot activities were implemented under the NBSAP add-on project
- Establishment of BD Unit within NES
- Ad-hoc Biodiversity Stakeholders
 Committee
- Mainstreamed into NESAF and NSDP
- Mainstreamed into other national plans climate change, land degradation etc

2.3 – Quelles sont les leçons tirées de votre expérience avec le précédent SPANB?

What are the lessons learned from your previous NBSAP experience?

- No indicators/timelines or Measurable targets
- Not prioritised or ranked however this was addressed in the NESAF
- No national means or system to monitor & review NBSAP implementation and effectiveness
- Gaps in the thematic areas needs to be addressed eg BD & CC

2.3 – Quelles sont les leçons tirées de votre expérience avec le précédent SPANB?

What are the lessons learned from your previous NBSAP experience?

- Implementation at most times were project based and fragmented
- Mainstreaming effort was all very well, but still needed support to be enabled
- No national fund for implementation dependence on external fund
- NBSAP was externally/convention driven
- NBSAP need to be continuously promoted to be 'remembered' as part of planning etc.

3.3 – Quelles sont les opportunités offert par le nouveau SPANB? What are the benefits of the new NBSAP?

- Able to address the gaps such as BD and CC
- Be able to have indicators or time bounds with measurable targets
- Able to prioritise the Actions
- Stress to stakeholders that this is a national strategy
- That to access environment funding, projects needs to be aligned with the NBSAP.....
- Align with international and regional strategies i.e Aichi strategy

3.1- Comment vous prévoyez la révision de votre SPANB? What are your plans for the revision of your NBSAP?

- GEF 5 enabling activity
- Formalise National Biodiversity Committee to also provide oversight
- Nationalise and localise the Aichi Targets where possible and relevant and make them measurable
- Ensure country driven-ness for the Goals and Objectives
- Ensure financing plan is included



3.4 – Quelles sont les contraintes? What are the constraints?

- Timeliness of resources and capacity for implementation
- Buy in by stakeholder



4.1 - Conclusions.

- Information from the CIs 4th National Report to CBD may able to assist in the development of the NBSAP
- NESAF 2011-2015 still a draft, this could actually pave the way on how CIs can review its NBSAP.
- Timing of review so that this can be incorporated into NESAF as a one-stop-shop on Environment strategies for the CIs



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