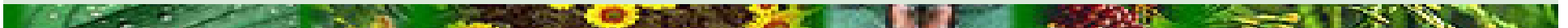
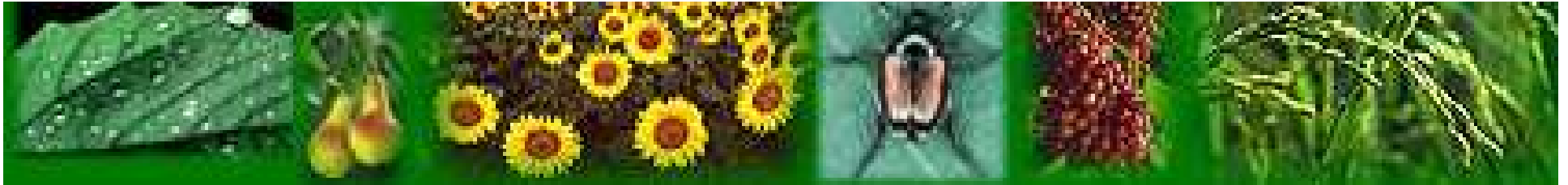


Contribution of the International Plant Protection Convention to the work on invasive species

Brent Larson and David Nowell
IPPC Secretariat, FAO
and
David Cooper, SCBD



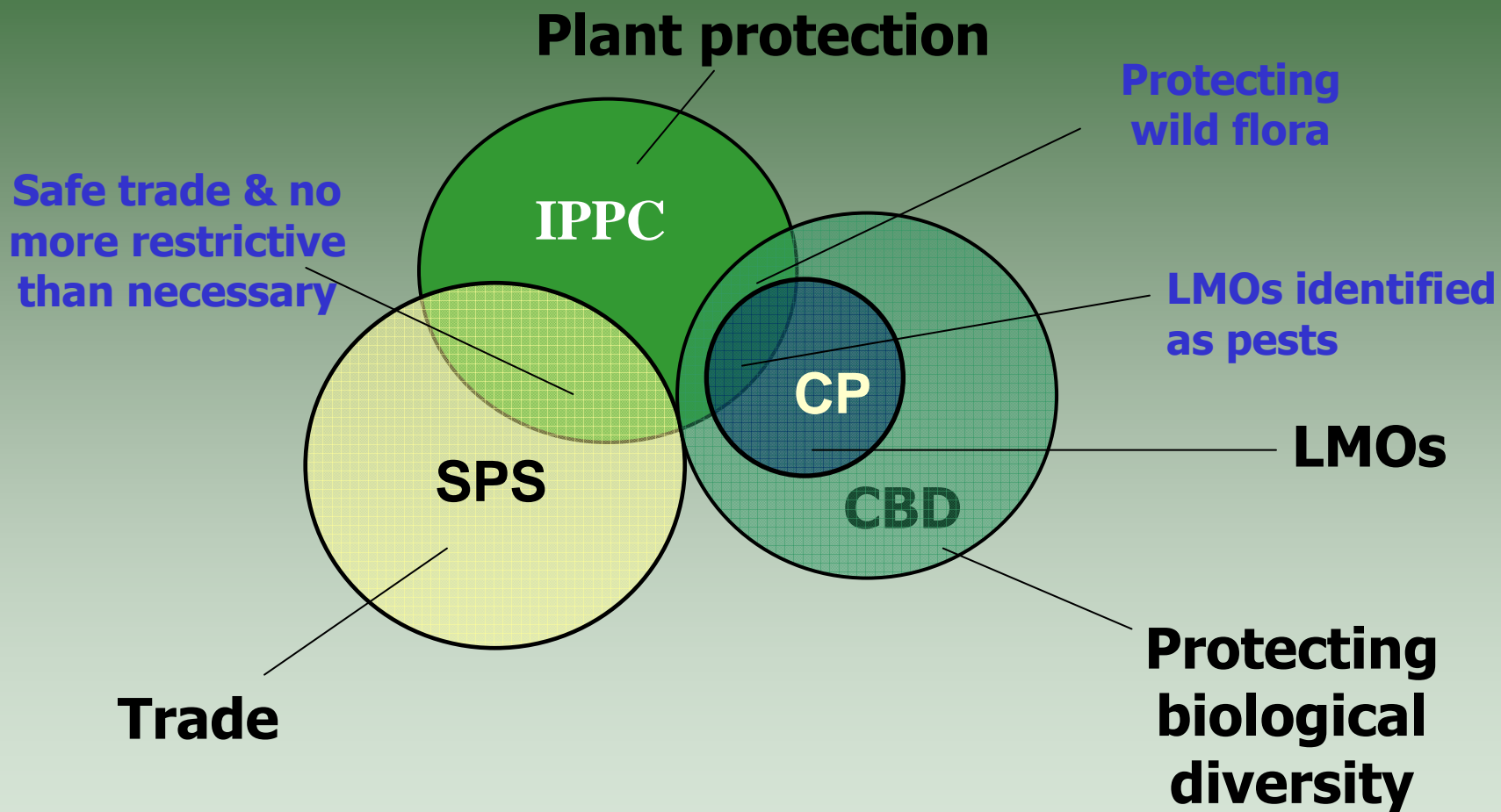


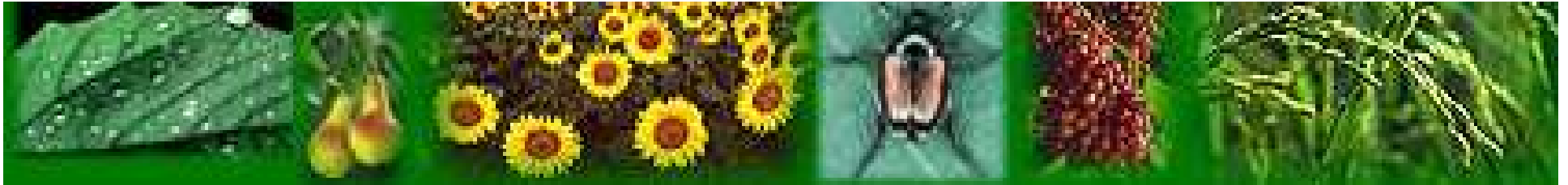
The IPPC framework for the management of invasive species:

Standards, why use them?



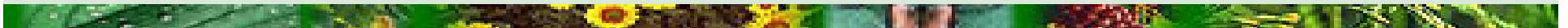
International regulatory framework

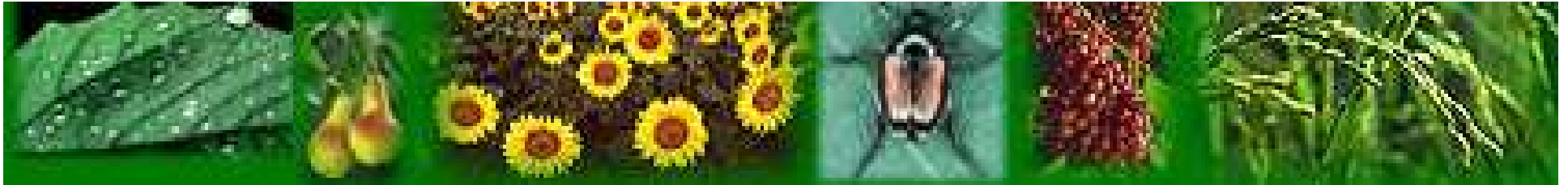




WTO-SPS Agreement

- The IPPC is recognized by the WTO-SPS Agreement as being the appropriate world authority for plant health standards

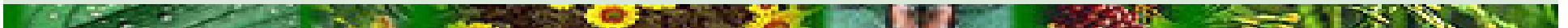




WTO-SPS Plant Health Standards

Standards are called:

International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures
(ISPMs)

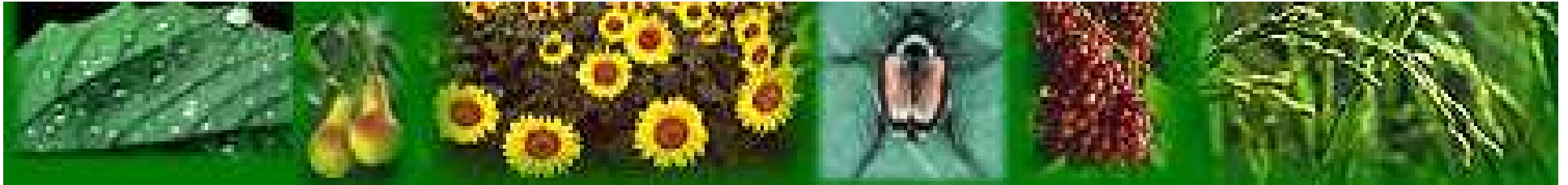




International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPMs)

- Commission on Phytosanitary Measures (CPM), IPPC's governing body, adopts standards
- Countries implement
- Currently 29 ISPMs
- Over 100 topics on IPPC standard setting work programme (including diagnostic protocols and treatments)

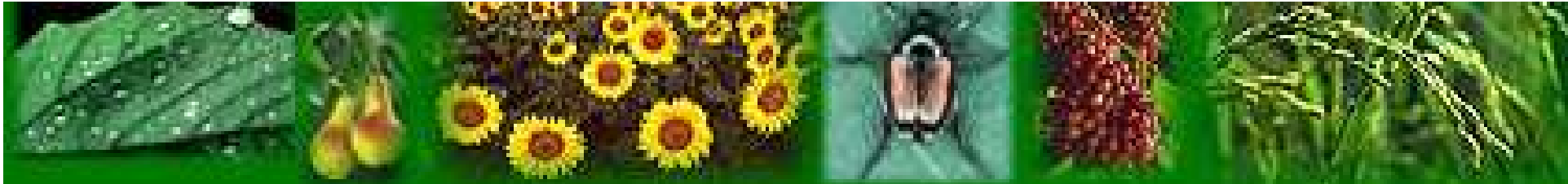




Standards relevant for invasive species

- Phytosanitary principles
- Pest risk analysis
- Bio-control agents
- Pest free areas
- Glossary
- Pest status
- Export system
- Diagnostic protocols for regulated pests
- Recognition of pest free areas
- Pest surveillance
- Import system
- Notification of non-compliance
- Integrated measures for pest risk management
- Regulated pest lists
- Inspection
- Pest eradication
- Equivalence
- Phytosanitary treatments for regulated pests





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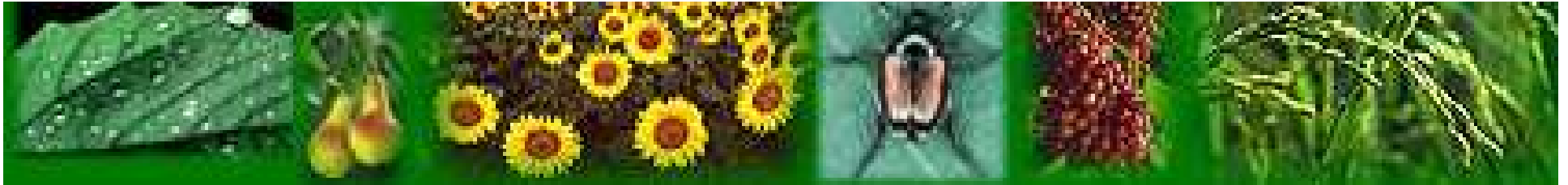




Standards relevant for invasive species

- Phytosanitary principles
- **IAS** risk analysis
- Bio-control agents
- **IAS** free areas
- Glossary
- **IAS** status
- Export system
- Diagnostic protocols for regulated **IAS**
- Recognition of **IAS** free areas
- **IAS** surveillance
- Import system
- Notification of non-compliance
- Integrated measures for **IAS** risk management
- Regulated **IAS** lists
- Inspection
- **IAS** eradication
- Equivalence
- Phytosanitary treatments for regulated **IAS**

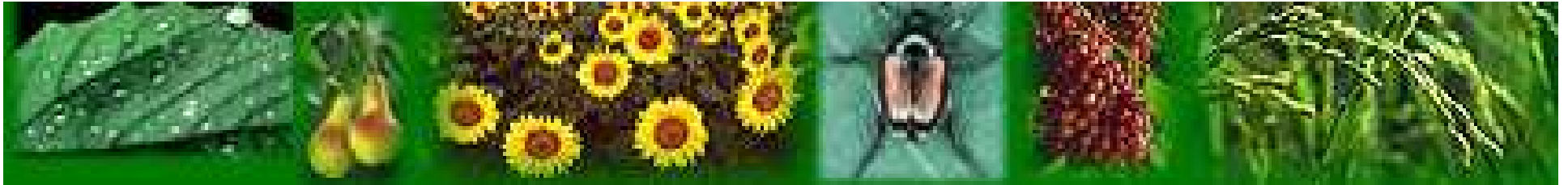




Concepts of these standards cover many levels

- The IPPC and its international standards can be applied at any level:
 - City
 - County
 - State or province
 - Part of a nation
 - Nation
 - Region

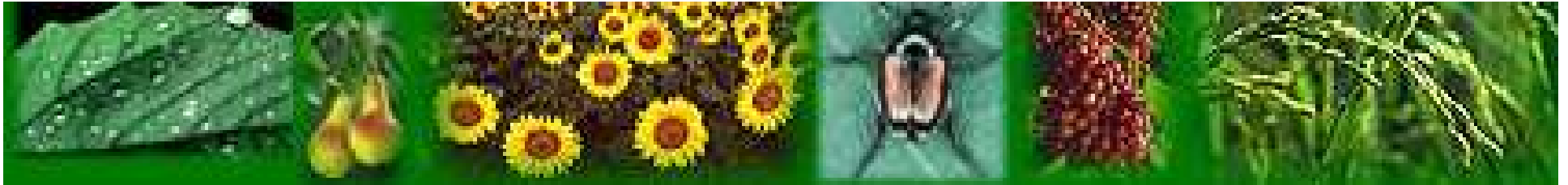




Legislative Authority

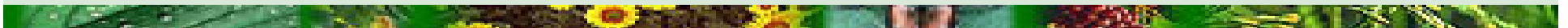
- To help manage IAS with legislative authority, countries need the will to regulate

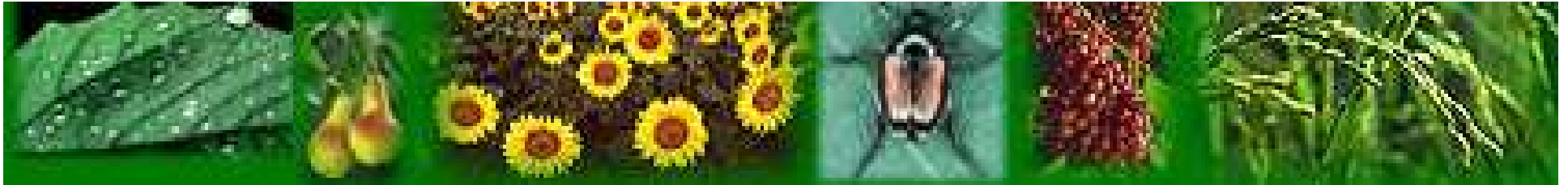




Pest (IAS) Risk Analysis

- Pest risk analysis is carried out and options for the strength of the phytosanitary measures is presented and justified
- Pest risk managers determine which measures should be put in place to manage the IAS (e.g. name it a quarantine pest)





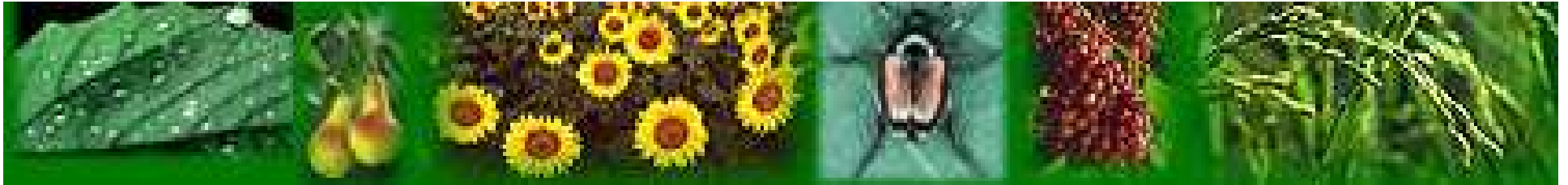
Implications of the IPPC for the CBD

To regulate an IAS

con

- must be declared a pest
- risk assessment
- full range of IPPC tools available

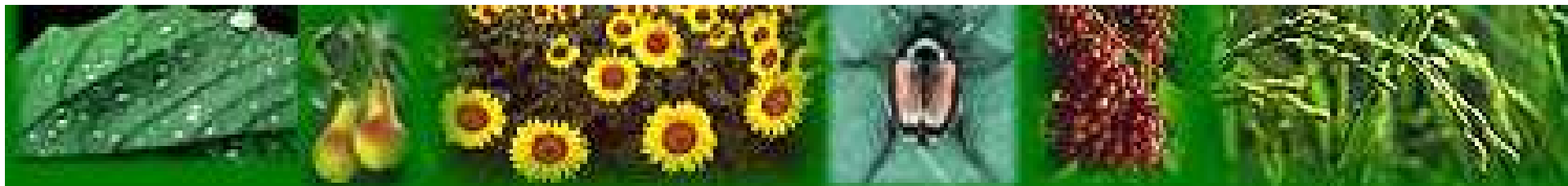




IPPC framework comes into play

- Once an IAS is regulated as a quarantine pest, the entire international system for controlling import, exports, etc. come into play for that IAS along with the strength of international standards that are recognized by the WTO-SPS agreement.





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