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Ukraine become Part for biodiversities conventions

- Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD);
- Convention on Migratory Species (Bonn Convention);
- Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES);
- The Ramsar Convention on Wetlands;
- Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern Convention).

Biodiversity Policy and Regulatory Framework

- I. Ukraine ratifying CBD in 1992
- II. Law on Environmental Protection, 1991
- III. State Programme on National Ecological Network of Ukraine, 2000-2015 (2004)
- IV. Law on Wild Life, 2001
- V. Law on Vegetation, 1999
- VI. Law on Red Book of Ukraine, 2002
- VII. Law Natural Protected Areas, 1992
- VIII. National Concept on Biological Diversity 2002-2010
- IX. Law on Biosafety, 2007

National Priorities

- I. Extension of forestry areas till 16-20 % of the territory;
- II. Increasing of Natural Protected Areas till 10,4% of the territory;
- III. Reintroduction of Species with Critical Conservation Status in his historical Areas;
- IV. Mainstreaming of Biodiversity concerns into Sectorial policies and plans (transport, energy, agriculture, etc.)
- V. Conservation of endangerous species of flora and fauna (Red Book)
- VI. Concept on combating of invasive and alien species
- VII. Public awareness and education on biodiversity
- VIII.Elaboration of Databases and Cadastr of fauna and flora

Main advantages

- Ministry of Environmental Protection National Biodiversity Authority
- Regulatory Framework improved
- 2000-2009 the total area of protected territories was increased and constitute 3, 04 mln ha
- Ukraine ratified several regional conventions in the field of Biodiversity (Alpine Convention, Carpathian Convention, etc)
- Elaborated and approved Action plans on conservation of Buffalo (Bison bonasus L.), Brown Bear (Ursus arctos L.)
- Signed three Memo regarding Great Bustard (Otis tarda), Aquatic Warbler (Acrocephalus paludicola) and Slender-billed Curlew (Numenius tenuirostris);
- Signed Protocol on collaboration for Conservation and protection of bio and landscape diversity of Carpathian zone
- Beech trees habitats included in the list of UNESCO
- Emerald Ecological Network Natura 2000

Barriers and constrains

- NBSAP is not elaborated and approved yet by Ukraine
- Poor understanding of biodiversity concerns by national authorities and decision makers
- Insufficient financial support for biodiversity activities
- Poor cooperation and collaboration on vertical and horizontal levels (interdepartmental)
- Poor mainstreaming into sectorial policies (transport, land planning etc.)
- Insufficient support for scientific monitoring on biodiversity
- Low level of public information and awareness

Communication, education and public awareness

- Ecological magazine Life Ukraine;
- Annual Ecological Exhibition;
- Red Book, 3th edition;
- Zoological journal;
- Cadastre of natural protected areas;
- Rare Intiofauna of Ukraine;
- Collaboration with NGOs, organization workshops and training on biodiversity;
- International Day on Biodiversity.