CBD Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan in the Netherlands

- **▶** 1995: first Strategy with Action Plan
 - > Strengthening biodiversity objectives in existing government policies
- > 2001: update and elaboration
 - ➤ 30 additional actions in 6 thematic fields:
 - ➤ Integration in nature, water, spatial planning, environment
 - ➤ Agriculture and trade processes
 - > International cooperation
 - > Science and monitoring
 - > Technology and exchange of expertise
 - Public awareness and participation
- **2008**: new biodiversity action plan
 - ➤ Key strategic priorities
 - Additional to existing NBSAP



biodiversiteit werkt atuur voormensen vooraltijd

BELEIDSPROGRAMMA BIODIVERSITEIT 2008-2011

International framework for NBSAP:

- Biodiversity
 Convention
- ➤ Global 2010-target
- EU 2010-target and EU Biodiversity
 Action Plan
- Millennium
 Development Goals





Main causes of biodiversity loss

Direct:

- Overexploitation of natural resources
- Decrease/fragmentation of habitats
- **Pollution**
- > Invasive species
- Climate change

Indirect:

- > Growing world population: competion for scarce land and resources
- ➤ Increase of consumption and production (food, energy, water etc.)
- ➤ Richest biodiversity in poorest countries: link with development policies

5 strategic priority themes + 3 supporting priorities

- 1. Trade chains and biodiversity: soja, wood, palm oil, peat
- 2. Payments for biodiversity: ecosystem services, financing instruments, REDD
- **3. Biodiversity works**: functional agrobiodiversity, local approaches
- **4. Ecological networks**: connectivity, flexibility, adaptation
- 5. Marine Biodiversity: fisheries, mining
- 6. New coalitions
- 7. Knowledge
- 8. Communication and education



Implementation approach

- > Link national and international efforts
- Interministerial steering group
- **▶** Task Force Biodiversity and Natural Resources:
 - High Level representation from private sector, NGO's, scientific world, local government
 - Advise on long term solutions and strategies
 - Short term initiatives: discussion platforms, National Committee IYB
- Projects with business sector:
 round tables (Leaders for Nature/IUCN), pilot projects (BioCom)
- Projects on new financial mechanisms: forests/REDD (UNFF), offsets/compensation (BBOP), European Biodiversity Resourcing Initiative
- CEPA: interministerial programmes on biodiversity communication and education, dialogues



Status of implementation

- Political recognition greatly improved
 - Cabinet agreement
 - LNV-vision
- ➤ Local/regional authorities + private sector develop own biodiversity policies/activities, Countdown2010
- ➤ Biodiversity objectives get integrated in (national) policies for agriculture, forest, sustainable development, climate change
- **Examples of implementation based on CBD/EA:**
 - Waddenzee
 - Hoeksche Waard
 - Rivermanagement

But: still much to do!

