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AD HOC OPEN-ENDED WORKING GROUP ON REVIEW OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION Third meeting Nairobi, 24-28 May 2010 Item 8.1 of the provisional agenda*

PERIODICITY OF MEETINGS AND ORGANIZATION OF WORK OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES

Note by the Executive Secretary

- 1. In paragraph 1 of its decision IX/29, the Conference of the Parties welcomed as a useful input into the further consideration of the periodicity of its meetings and its subsidiary bodies the report by the Executive Secretary (UNEP/CBD/COP/9/22/Add.1) on options for the meeting schedule and organization of work of the Conference of the Parties after 2010. In paragraph 2 of the same decision, it requested the report to be updated by the Executive Secretary as needed and made available for the consideration of the Working Group on the Review of Implementation at its third meeting and forwarded to the Conference of the Parties at its tenth meeting, taking into consideration the relationship between the periodicity of the meetings of the Conference of the Parties and its subsidiary bodies and the revision and updating of the Strategic Plan as well as a multi-year programme of work for the period 2011-2022.
- 2. The very large number of variables made the presentation of all possible options unworkable. Therefore, a list of 14 options has been compiled, analysed and reflected by the Secretariat in table 1 attached to this note. An indicative 12-year calendar for each of these options is presented in table 2.
- 3. The options are clustered first as those where the periodicity of meetings of the Conference of the Parties could be annual, biennial or triennial. These could be of one or two-week duration.
- 4. Within these clusters, options for the periodicity of meetings of the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSTTA) are presented. Depending on the length of the meeting option of the Conference of the Parties, SBSTTA meetings could be intersessional and either "back-to-back to" or "concurrent with" the Conference of the Parties.

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- 5. Finally, because of the longer period between meetings of the Conference of the Parties in the triennial cluster of options for the Conference of the Parties, proposals have been included for an enhanced intersessional body such as a standing committee, joint meetings of the Bureaux of the Conference of the Parties and the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSTTA), or an enlarged Bureau of the Conference of the Parties.
- 6. The financial implications of each option presented in table 1 and in tables 3-A (Consolidated financial implications over twelve years) and 3-B (Consolidated financial implications over 12 years sorted by total savings) have been updated but they are estimates only. They are based on both the number of meetings of the Convention's primary bodies presented in a particular option, and on how these meetings would organize their work. Furthermore, they are presented over the course of twelve years, with an estimate of inflation added, because in this way the significance of the financial implications over a period of time can more easily be demonstrated.
- 7. The nominal cost of each meeting has been estimated by the Secretariat drawing from past experience. It also reflects the Secretariat's proposals drawn from a comparative analysis with governing bodies of multilateral environmental agreements and other intergovernmental processes of relevance to the Convention on Biological Diversity presented at the second meeting of the Working Group on Review of Implementation (UNEP/CBD/WGRI/2/INF/12) to organize COP and SBSTTA meetings respectively around a plenary and committee of the whole (COW). A committee of the whole would be in lieu of two working groups. Such an arrangement is foreseen to result in significant in-session savings, related primarily to lower interpretation costs.
- 8. The estimated costs of each option have then been compared to the Convention's "business-as-usual" *modus operandi*: a biennial meeting of the Conference of the Parties of two-week duration and two inter-sessional SBSTTA meetings each of one-week duration. In the business-as-usual scenario, COP and SBSTTA operate with two working groups.
- 9. It is important to note that the decision of the Conference of the Parties on a post-2010 option for the meeting schedule is dependent in part on the finalization of the Convention's revised Strategic Plan and the accompanying revised multi-year programme of work (MYPOW).
- 10. Finally, for reasons similar to those described in the preceding paragraph, open-ended intersessional meetings for the post-2010 period have not been suggested in the table. This is because their need primarily depends on the revised Strategic Plan and the revised MYPOW. However, for discussion purposes the Secretariat estimates the nominal cost of one, one-week meeting at US\$ 350,000.

Table 1
Options for the periodicity of meetings and organization of work of the Conference of the Parties (COP) and Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSTTA)

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths		Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
Annual COPs	•	•	<u>'</u>					
Option 1: Annual COP (1 week) Annual SBSTTA back-to-back ¹ with COP (1 week) Ad hoc technical meetings as needed No open ended inter-sessional meetings x	SBSTTA Ad hoc technical meetings	1 week 1 week	Back-to- back (pre-COP) As needed	Offers possibility for more focused treatment by COP and SBSTTA of a more limited number of agenda items Could potentially minimize the number of open-ended inter-sessional meetings by allowing COP/SBSTTA to directly deal with issues in a focused way Maintains or accelerates CBD process / COP decision-making momentum May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more technically-oriented Offers possibility of joint meetings of COP and SBSTTA Bureaux	•	Could be resource intensive for Secretariat and Parties without more limited agenda One week COP meeting may be inadequate for consideration of issues without more limited agenda May not provide adequate premeeting preparation time for Parties and Secretariat May not provide adequate time for Parties to implement COP decisions in CBD enhanced phase of implementation May not provide adequate time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different	Requires amendment of rule 4 (1) of the rules of procedure (Periodicity of COP meetings)	Option 1 would cost approximately US\$ 1.4 million more over 12 years than business as usual primarily from more frequent COP meetings (held annually instead of biennially).
Biennial COPs	COP	1 week	l .		ı	0 1 000		Option 2 would generate
Option 2: Biennial COP (1 week) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA	SBSTTA SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre-COP)	 May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more technically-oriented Offers possibility of joint meetings of COP and SBSTTA Bureaux 	•	One week COP meeting may be inadequate for consideration of issues without more limited agenda May not provide adequate premeeting preparation time for Parties and Secretariat May not provide adequate time		approximately US\$ 9.2 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual from a shorter duration COP, a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA and every other SBSTTA being
back-to-back with COP (1	SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional			for Parties to implement COP decisions in CBD enhanced		held back-to-back with COP.

[&]quot;Back-to-back" means consecutive meetings: SBSTTA would take place before COP.

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Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
week)					phase of implementation May not provide adequate follow-up time on outcomes of COP decisions "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different May require additional openended inter-sessional meetings		
Option 3: Biennial COP (2 weeks) Two intersessional SBSTTAs (1 week each)	COP SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week 1 week	Inter- sessional Inter- sessional	Well-established current practice	Biennial COP schedule with 2 SBSTTA meetings has tended to be resource intensive for Secretariat and Parties because of wide-ranging programmes of work May not provide adequate pre- meeting preparation time for Parties and Secretariat May not provide adequate time for Parties to implement COP decisions in CBD enhanced phase of implementation May not provide adequate time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions		Option 3 would generate approximately US\$ 3.1 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA.
Option 4: Biennial COP (2 weeks) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA back-to-back with COP (1 week)	COP SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week 1 week	Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre- COP)	Simple variation on current practice May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more technically-oriented Offers possibility of joint meetings of COP and SBSTTA Bureaux	May not provide adequate premeeting preparation time for Parties and Secretariat May not provide adequate time for Parties to implement COP decisions in CBD enhanced phase of implementation May not provide adequate time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP		Option 4 would generate approximately US\$ 4.7 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA and every other SBSTTA being held back-to-back with COP.

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
Option 4 variant: • Biennial COP (2 weeks) • One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) • One SBSTTA concurrent² with COP (1 week)	COP SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week 1 week	- Inter-sessional Concurrent with COP	Offers possibility to harmonize practice of CBD with other Rio conventions	participants being different • May require additional openended inter-sessional meetings Same as option 5		Option 4 variant would generate approximately US\$ 7 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA and savings from every other SBSTTA being held concurrently with COP (No extra conference costs are expected when SBSTTA is concurrent with COP).
TRIENNIAL COPS Option 5: ³ Triennial COP (2 weeks) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA back-to-back COP (1 week)	COP SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week 1 week	Inter-sessional Back-to-back (pre-COP)	Triennial COPs may provide more pre-meeting preparation time for Parties between COPs Triennial COPs may provide more time for Parties to implement COP decisions in the CBD's enhanced phase of implementation Triennial COPs may provide more time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more focused and technically-oriented	Possible slowing of CBD process / COP decision-making momentum from longer COP periodicity "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different May require additional openended inter-sessional meetings Lacks formal inter-sessional body like expanded Bureau or Standing Committee for decision making and guidance to Secretariat between COPs	Requires amendment of rule 4 (1) of the rules of procedure (Periodicity of COP meetings)	Option 5 would generate approximately US\$ 13.7 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA and savings from a reduced frequency of COP and SBSTTA meetings over the 12-year period.

 $^{^{2}}$ "Concurrent" means SBSTTA would meet during COP as is the practice, for example, in UNFCCC.

 $^{^{3}}$ Option 5 and option 5 var should be considered in conjunction with option 9.

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
				Offers possibility of joint meetings of COP and SBSTTA Bureaux May make it more feasible for Secretariat to organize regional meetings to feed into COP			
Option 5 variant:	COP	2 weeks		Same as option 5	Same as option 5	Same as option	Option 5 variant would generate
Triennial COP (2 weeks)One inter-	SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional			5	approximately US\$ 15.3 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as
sessional SBSTTA (1 week)	SBSTTA	1 week	Concurrent with COP				usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA, from a
One SBSTTA concurrent with COP (1 week)							reduced frequency of SBSTTA and COP meetings over the 12 year period and savings from every other SBSTTA being held concurrently with COP (No extra conference costs are expected when SBSTTA is concurrent with COP).
Option 6: Triennial COP	COP	2 weeks	-	Creates formal inter- sessional body (standing)	Possible slowing of CBD process / COP decision-making	Requires amendment of	Option 6 would generate the same savings as option 5 for
(2 weeks) One intersessional	SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional	committee) for decision making and guidance to Secretariat between triennial	momentum from longer periodicity potentially offset by standing committee meetings	rule 4 (1) of the rules of procedure	COP and SBSTTA meetings compared to business as usual. However, the savings would be
SBSTTA (1 week)	SBSTTA	1 week	B/B (pre- COP)	COPs Triennial COPs may	Could be resource intensive for Secretariat to prepare for COP,	(Periodicity of COP meetings)	reduced to approximately US\$ 13.3 million over 12 years
One SBSTTA back-to-back	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional	provide more pre-meeting preparation time for Parties	SBSTTA and standing committee meetings along with open-ended inter-sessional	Requires either amendment or	because a standing committee would likely have more members than the current
with COP Three intersessional	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional	 between COPs Triennial COPs may provide more time for 	meetings without more limited programmes of work	existing rules of procedure	Bureau and it would meet more frequently under this option.
standing committee meetings (3 days	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional	Parties to implement COP decisions in the CBD's enhanced phase of	May still require additional open- ended inter-sessional meetings "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP	or adoption of new standing committee	The total number of standing committee members would need to be decided, but the
each). Formal representation to be to be	Standing committee	3 days	Back-to- back (pre- COP)	 implementation Triennial COPs may provide more time to 	success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different	rules of procedure	Secretariat has based its calculations on providing at minimum 22 members with funding assistance.

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
determined. One standing committee meeting back-to-back with COP (up to 3 days prior to COP)				follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more focused and technically-oriented	Relationship between existing COP Bureau and new standing committee would need to be clarified		
Option 6 variant:	COP	2 weeks	-	Same as option 6	Same as option 6	Same as	Option 6 variant would
Triennial COP (2 weeks)One inter-	SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional			option 6	generate the same savings as option 5 variant for COP and SBSTTA meetings compared
sessional SBSTTA (1 week)	SBSTTA	1 week	Concur- rent with COP				to business as usual. However, the savings would be reduced to approximately US\$ 14.9
One SBSTTA concurrent with COP	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional				million over 12 years because a standing committee would likely have more members than
• Three inter- sessional standing	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional				the current Bureau and it would meet more frequently under this option. The total number
committee meetings (3 days each). Formal	Standing committee	3 days	Inter- sessional				of Standing Committee members would need to be decided, but the Secretariat has
representation to be determined. • One standing	Standing committee	3 days	Back-to- back (pre- COP)				based its calculations on providing at minimum 22 members with funding
committee meeting back-to- back with COP (up to 3 days prior to COP)							assistance.
Option 7: Triennial COP (2 weeks)	COP	2 weeks	-	Creates joint COP/SBSTTA Bureaux meetings for decision making and	Possible slowing of CBD process / COP decision-making momentum from longer	Requires amendment of rule 4 (1) of	Option 7 would generate the same savings as option 5 and option 6 for COP and SBSTTA
One inter- sessional SBSTTA (1)	SBSTTA	1 week	Inter- sessional	guidance to Secretariat between triennial COPs Triennial COPs may	periodicity potentially offset by joint Bureaux meetings Could be resource intensive for	the rules of Procedure (Periodicity of	meetings compared to business as usual. However the savings would increase to
week) • One SBSTTA	SBSTTA	1 week	Back-to- back (pre- COP)	provide more pre-meeting preparation time for Parties	Secretariat to prepare for COP, SBSTTA and joint Bureaux	COP meetings)	approximately US\$ 13.9 million over 12 years by

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
back-to-back with COP (1 week) Three intersessional meetings of joint COP/SBSTTA Bureaux (3 days each) One meeting of joint COP/SBSTTA Bureaux back-to-back with COP (up to 3 days	COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux	3 days 3 days 3 days	Inter- sessional Inter- sessional Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre- COP)	between COPs Triennial COPs may provide more time for Parties to implement COP decisions in the CBD's enhanced phase of implementation Triennial COPs may provide more time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more focused and technically-oriented	meetings along with open-ended inter-sessional meetings without more limited programmes of work • May still require additional open-ended inter-sessional meetings • "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different		holding one joint bureaux meeting back-to-back with back-to-back COP/SBSTTA meetings.
prior to COP) Option 7 variant: Triennial COP (2 weeks) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA concurrent with	SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week	Inter-sessional Concurrent with	Same as option 7	Same as option 7	Same as option 7	Option 7 variant would generate the same savings as option 5 variant and option 6 variant for COP and SBSTTA meetings compared to business as usual. However the savings would increase to approximately US\$ 15.5 million over 12 years because
COP (1 week) Three intersessional meetings of joint COP/SBSTTA Bureaux (3 days each)	COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux	3 days	Inter- sessional				one joint bureau meeting would be held back-to-back with back-to-back COP/SBSTTA meetings.
One meeting of joint COP/SBSTTA Bureaux back-to-back with COP (up to 3 days prior to COP)	COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux COP/ SBSTTA Bureaux	3 days	Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre- COP)				

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths		Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
Option 8: Triennial COP (2 weeks) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA back-to-back with COP (1 week) Three intersessional meetings of enlarged Bureau (22 people: 4 funded regions x 5 people + 2 SIDS) (3 days each) One meeting of enlarged Bureau back-to-back with COP (up to 3 days prior to COP)	SBSTTA SBSTTA Enlarged Bureau Enlarged Bureau Enlarged Bureau Enlarged Bureau	2 weeks 1 week 1 week 3 days 3 days 3 days	Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre- COP) Inter- sessional Inter- sessional Inter- sessional Back-to- back (pre- COP)	 Creates enlarged Bureau for decision making and guidance to Secretariat between triennial COPs Triennial COPs may provide more pre-meeting preparation time for Parties between COPs Triennial COPs may provide more time for Parties to implement COP decisions in the CBD's enhanced phase of implementation Triennial COPs may provide more time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more focused and technically-oriented 	•	Possible slowing of CBD process/COP decision-making momentum from longer periodicity potentially offset by enlarged Bureau meetings Could be resource intensive for Secretariat to prepare for COP, SBSTTA and enlarged Bureau meetings along with open-ended inter-sessional meetings without more limited programmes of work May still require additional open-ended inter-sessional meetings "Back-to-back" SBSTTA/COP success may in part be dependent on SBSTTA and COP participants being different	Requires amendment of rule 4 (1) of the rules of Procedure (Periodicity of COP meetings) Requires amendment of rule 21 (1) (Officers of the Bureau)	Option 8 would generate the same savings as option 6 of approximately US\$ 13.3 million over twelve years compared to business as usual if the number of members provided financial assistance is 22 people. The total number of enlarged Bureau members would need to be decided.

Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
Option 8 variant: Triennial COP (2 weeks) One intersessional SBSTTA (1 week) One SBSTTA concurrent with COP (1 week) Three intersessional meetings of enlarged Bureau (22 people: 4 funded regions x 5 people + 2 SIDS) (3 days each) One meeting of enlarged Bureau back-to-back with COP (up to 3 days prior to COP)	СОР	2 weeks		Same as option 8	Same as option 8	Same as option 8	Option 8 variant would generate the same savings as option 6 variant of approximately US\$ 14.9 million over 12 years compared to business as usual if the number of members provided financial assistance is 22 people. The total number of enlarged Bureau members would need to be decided.
Option 9 ^{4:} Triennial COP (2 weeks) Two intersessional SBSTTAs (1 week each)	SBSTTA SBSTTA	2 weeks 1 week 1 week	Inter- sessional Inter- sessional	Triennial COPs may provide more pre-meeting preparation time for Parties between COPs Triennial COPs may provide more time for Parties to implement COP decisions in the CBD's enhanced phase of implementation	 Possible slowing of CBD process / COP decision-making momentum from longer COP periodicity May require additional openended inter-sessional meetings Lacks formal inter-sessional body like expanded Bureau or Standing Committee for decision 	Requires amendment of rule 4 (1) of the rules of procedure (Periodicity of COP meetings)	Option 9 would generate approximately US\$ 13.0 million of savings over 12 years compared to business as usual primarily from a shift to one working group in both COP and SBSTTA and from the reduced frequency of SBSTTA and COP meetings

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⁴ Option 9 should be considered in conjunction with option 5 and option 5var.

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Options	Bodies (x1)	Duration	Rela- tionship to COP	Strengths	Weaknesses	Rules of procedure	Financial implications over 12 years
				Triennial COPs may provide more time to follow-up on outcomes of COP decisions May create incentives for SBSTTA to become more focused and technically-oriented Offers possibility of ad hoc joint meetings of COP and SBSTTA Bureaux May make it more feasible for Secretariat to raise money for and organize regional meetings to feed into COP	making and guidance to Secretariat between COPs		over the 12-year period.

Table 2

Options for the meeting schedule after the Tenth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties in 2010: indicative 12 year calendar

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Annual	COPs												
Opt. 1	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA/COI	PSBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/COI	PSBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/CO	PSBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA/CO	PSBSTTA/COP
Biennial	COPs												
Opt. 2	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COF	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 3	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA+ COP
Opt. 4	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 4 variant	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	COP [SBSTTA]
Triennia													
Opt. 5	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	_	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	-	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	-	SBSTTA/COP	SBSTTA	_	SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 5 variant	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	-	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	-	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	-	COP [SBSTTA]	SBSTTA	-	COP [SBSTTA]
	SBSTTA+	StC+ SBSTTA		StC + StC /SBSTTA/COP	StC+ SBSTTA	StC		StC+ SBSTTA		StC + StC /SBSTTA/COP	StC+ SBSTTA	StC	StC + StC /SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 6 variant	SBSTTA+ COP	StC+ SBSTTA	StC	StC + StC /COP [SBSTTA]	StC+ SBSTTA	StC	StC + StC /COP [SBSTTA]	StC+ SBSTTA		StC + StC / COP [SBSTTA]	StC+ SBSTTA	StC	StC + StC / COP [SBSTTA]
Opt. 7	SBSTTA+ COP	Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA	Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur J.Bur/SBSTTA/COP	Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA	Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/SBSTTA/COP	Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA	Jt.Bur		Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA	Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 7 variant	SBSTTA+ COP	Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA	Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]		Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]	Jt.Bur+ SBSTTA		Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]		Jt.Bur	Jt.Bur + Jt.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]
Opt. 8		Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/SBSTTA/COF		Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/SBSTTA/COP	Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/SBSTTA/COP		Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/SBSTTA/COP
Opt. 8 variant	SBSTTA+ COP	Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]	Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]	Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]	Enl.Bur+ SBSTTA	Enl.Bur	Enl.Bur+ Enl.Bur/COP [SBSTTA]
Opt. 9	SBSTTA+ COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA	COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA	COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA	COP	SBSTTA	SBSTTA	СОР

A+B: the meetings take place during the year (not concurrent or back-to-back)

A/B: meetings are back-to-back

A [B]: meetings are concurrent

StC: Standing Committee

Jt.Bur.: Joint COP and SBSTTA Bureaux

Enl.Bur.: Enlarged Bureau

Table 3-A

Consolidated financial implications over 12 years

Options	Business as usual Total cost	Options considered Total cost	Total savings or extra cost (-) over business as usual
Option 1	33,922,755	35,299,223	-1,376,468
Option 2	33,922,755	24,687,167	9,235,588
Option 3	33,922,755	30,793,913	3,128,842
Option 4	33,922,755	29,237,903	4,684,852
Option 4 variant	33,922,755	26,949,653	6,973,102
Option 5	33,922,755	20,198,637	13,724,118
Option 5 variant	33,922,755	18,644,887	15,277,868
Option 6	33,922,755	20,592,286	13,330,469
Option 6 variant	33,922,755	19,038,536	14,884,219
Option 7	33,922,755	19,997,877	13,924,878
Option 7 variant	33,922,755	18,444,127	15,478,628
Option 8	33,922,755	20,592,286	13,330,469
Option 8 variant	33,922,755	19,038,536	14,884,219
Option 9	33,922,755	20,947,827	12,974,928

Table 3-B

Consolidated financial implications over 12 years sorted by total savings

Options	Business as usual Total cost	Options considered Total cost	Total savings or extra cost (-) over business as usual
Option 7 variant	33,922,755	18,444,127	15,478,628
Option 5 variant	33,922,755	18,644,887	15,277,868
Option 6 variant	33,922,755	19,038,536	14,884,219
Option 8 variant	33,922,755	19,038,536	14,884,219
Option 7	33,922,755	19,997,877	13,924,878
Option 5	33,922,755	20,198,637	13,724,118
Option 6	33,922,755	20,592,286	13,330,469
Option 8	33,922,755	20,592,286	13,330,469
Option 9	33,922,755	20,947,827	12,974,928
Option 2	33,922,755	24,687,167	9,235,588
Option 4 variant	33,922,755	26,949,653	6,973,102
Option 4	33,922,755	29,237,903	4,684,852
Option 3	33,922,755	30,793,913	3,128,842
Option 1	33,922,755	35,299,223	-1,376,468
