

CBD Capacity Building Workshops: National Biodiversity Strategies & Action Plans & Mainstreaming of Biodiversity

Slide 15

Status of NBSAPs: Global Perspective
David Cooper (SCBD), Singapore, 14-18 January 2008

Strategic Plan Scorecard

GOAL 3: NBSAPs and the integration of biodiversity concerns into relevant sectors serve as an effective framework for the implementation of the objectives of the Convention.

3.1 Every Party has effective NBSAPs in place



3.2 Every Party to the Cartagena Protocol has a regulatory framework



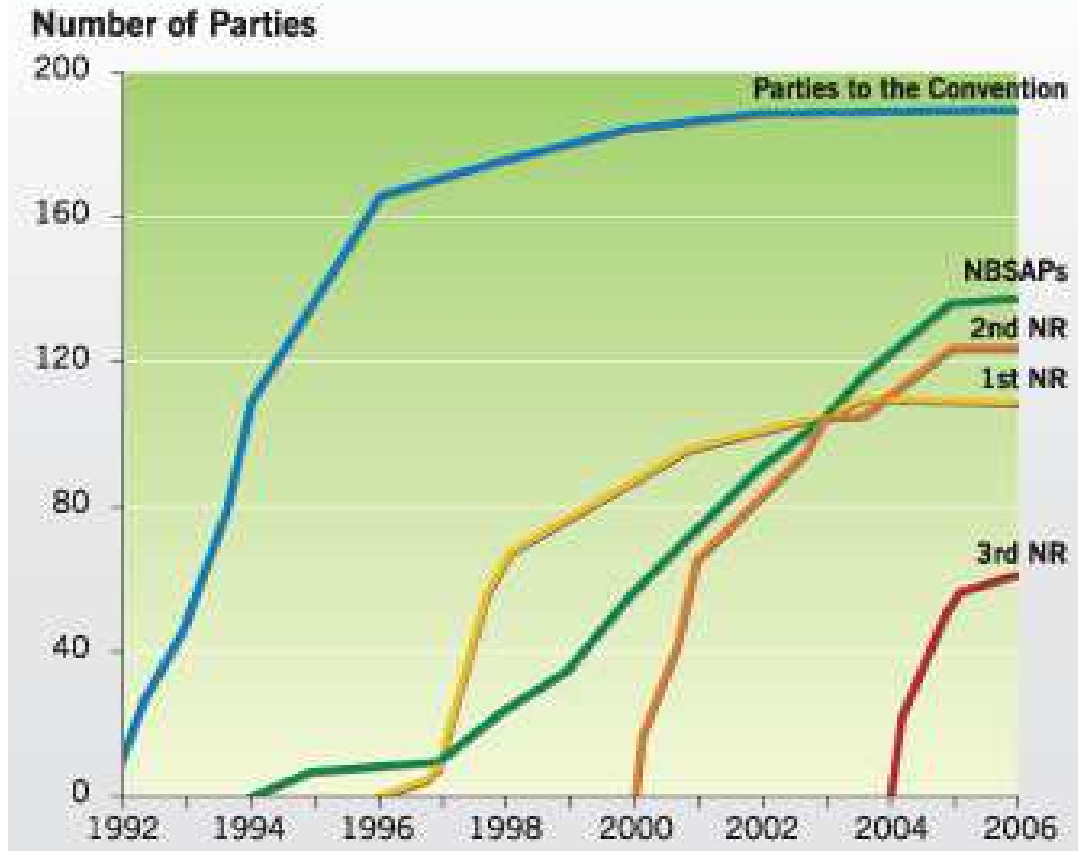
3.3 Biodiversity concerns are being integrated into relevant national policies



3.4 Priorities in NBSAPs are being actively implemented



Most countries have developed National Biodiversity Strategies & Action Plans



**Of 190 Parties,
by December 2007:**

- **157 completed NBSAP**
- **13 revised NBSAP**
- **14 revisions in progress**
- **19 preparing 1st NBSAP**
- **14 without NBSAP**

Lessons learned from the review:

- **Stakeholders** involved in NBSAP preparation.....
..... but not enough to ensure ownership & mainstreaming
- **Goals & targets**
..... but few quantitative, or respond to 2010 Target
- **Ecosystem approach** is largely absent
- **Action plans** included
..... but often focussed on projects rather than fundamentals of policy or institutional change needed
..... Few specify funding
- **Communication plans** lacking
- **Mainstreaming** in some sectors (eg: forestry, tourism)
..... But weak in national development strategies, poverty reduction strategies and planning processes
- Little available information on **Implementation**
- **Funding, budget cuts are problems**
- **Some innovative financing mechanisms**
..... but not enough to ensure ownership & mainstreaming

Major challenges to implementation of Art. 6

As highlighted in Third National Reports:

- Lack of financial, human, technical resources (84%)
- Lack of economic incentive measures (82%)
- Loss of biodiversity and its goods and services not properly documented (76%)
- Lack of public education and awareness at all levels (75%)
- Lack of effective partnerships (74%)
- Lack of cooperation among stakeholders (73%)
- Unsustainable production and consumption patterns (72%)
- Lack of mainstreaming (71%)
- Inadequate capacity to act, Institutional weakness (70%)
- Lack of knowledge & practice on ecosystem-based approaches (70%)

Draft consolidated guidance for NBSAPs

- **Components of NBSAPs**

- Ecosystem Approach
- Highlight contribution of biodiversity and ecosystem services to human well-being, using MA approach and valuation tools
- Identify main threats and actions to address them
- National and sub-national targets, consistent with CBD framework