China National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan

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Jan 13, 2008, Singapore
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NBSAP Development in China

- NBAP development
 China Biodiversity Conservation Action Plan
 (NBAP) -1991-1993 drafting; 1994 launching
- 2 NBSAP updating
 China Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan
 (NBSAP) 2007-2008 drafting; ? launching

1. Background

- Project Source: GEF/UNDP Project
- Funding Amount: USD 680 000
- Execution Organization: World Bank
- Domestic Leading Ministry: SEPA
- Participating Ministries: SDRC, MoF, MoST, MoA, MoForestry, MoCon, SOA, MoPS, CAS
- Duration for drafting: 1991-1993
- Launch: June 13, 1994, by State Council

2. Organization

- CBD Implementation Steering Committee decision making and coordination
- Ministerial expert teams 10
- Expert group for drafting the CBAP
- Project technical Secretariat
- Advisory group senior scientists

3. Drafting

Four phases:

- 1) Sectors' reports (different fields) / 2) Integrated draft
- 3) Ministerial consultation / 4) Approval and Launching

Four workshops

- (1) Domestic workshop for guidelines of identification of priorities (End Feb 1992)
- (2) International Workshop for listing priority ecosystems and species (Nov 1992)
- (3) Workshop for drafting the action plan, based on the sectors' reports (Feb 1993, four weeks working together)
- (4) International workshop for discussion and review the draft action plan (April 1993)

4. Main Contents

- Present status of biodiversity in China
- Present status of biodiversity conservation
- Action plan for concrete measures to protect biodiversity: proposed 7 objectives, with 26 actions and 18 priority projects
- The measures to ensure implementation of the Action Plan.
- Lists of priority ecosystems and species

5. Mainstreaming and Implementation

- Follow up actions: development of sectors' action plans (agriculture, forestry, marine, etc)
- SEPA's implementation with other departments, almost all priority projects proposed in China BAP have been conducted.
- Serve as a guideline for GEF projects
- Serve as a guideline for bilateral cooperation

5. Shortages

Structure shortage

No national strategy, only action plans

Field shortages

- (1) Neglecting benefit sharing, one of the main objectives of CBD
- 2) Shortage of important fields, such as alien invasive species control, ABS of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge for local community and indigenous people, biosafety of GMOs, public participation, etc.
- (3) Need to focus on the new hot-spots, such as climate change and bio-fuel.

II. NBSAP Updating

1. Reasons for Updating

- The Action Plan was drafted before CBD's enforcement, missed some focuses.
- The data are out of date, more than 15 years long, it is time to renew data
- Great changes have taken place in China for economy and conservation, many new data and information should be reflected in the new NBSAP
- International accordance, 13 countries have renewed their action plans, and others underway. It is time for China to update its NBSAP.
- Good base: some basic programs have been done

II. NBSAP Updating

2. Organization

- CBD Implementation Steering Committee − 24 members, adding 14 ministerial departments
- Expert Group 7 core experts recommended by main ministries
- Sub-expert groups 14 themes
- Consulting Group Senior scientists
- Project secretariat

II. NBSAP Updating

3. Timetable (5 phases)

- Organizing phase: March Aug, 2007
- Sub-expert groups working phase, Sept Dec 2007. 14 thematic reports
- Core Expert Group working phase, Jan March, 2008,
- Consultative phase: ministerial consultation and stakeholders' consultation by workshops, April – June, 2008
- Approval phase: Steering Committee and State Council, July- Sept, 2008
- Launching: by the end 2008.

2. NBSAP Updating

4. Topic themes (sub-expert groups phase)

- 1) Forest ecosystems
- 2) Grassland and desert ecosystems
- 3) Wetland ecosystems
- 4) Ocean and coast ecosystems
- 5) Rural, farmland and urban ecosystems
- 6) Wild animal
- 7) Wild plant
- 8) Micro-organisms
- 9) Genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge
- 10) Protected areas
- 11) Biosafety and alien invasive species
- 12) Climate change and bio-fuel
- 13) Gap analysis and priority identification
- 14) Biodiversity strategy and related issues

2. NBSAP Updating

5. NBSAP Outlines

Executive summary

Preface

Chapter 1: Evaluation for Achievements and experience on conservation during past years in China

Chapter 2: Biodiversity present status in China

Chapter 3: Gap analysis and priorities identification for future conservation in China

Chapter 4: China national biodiversity strategy

Chapter 5: China biodiversity protection action plan

Chapter 6: Measures to ensure NBSAP's implementation

Annexes:

Lists of priority areas and species for protection Maps of protected area distribution and priority areas' locations

Main Experience

- 1. Organizational issues: broad ministries joining for expert recommendation (24 departments)
- 2. Governmental leading and initiating, domestic financial supporting (1.5 million USD)
- 3. NGOs joining: TNC, WWF and others co-financing
- 4. China-EU Bilateral Biodiversity Project involved
- 5. NBSAP with 2 sub-BSAPs demonstrations
 - 1) Oceanic departmental BSAP
 - 2) Sichuan provincial BSAP
- 6. Wide consultations and approval by State Council for enhancing NBSAP's mainstreaming & implementation

谢谢!

Thank you!